Annual PHA Plan (Standard PHAs and Troubled PHAs)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB No. 2577-0226 Expires: 02/29/2016

Purpose. The 5-Year and Annual PHA Plans provide a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services. The plans informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission, goals and objectives for serving the needs of low- income, very low- income, and extremely low- income families.

Applicability. Form HUD-50075-ST is to be completed annually by **STANDARD PHAs or TROUBLED PHAs**. PHAs that meet the definition of a High Performer PHA, Small PHA, HCV-Only PHA or Qualified PHA do not need to submit this form.

Definitions.

- (1) High-Performer PHA A PHA that owns or manages more than 550 combined public housing units and housing choice vouchers, and was designated as a high performer on both of the most recent Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) assessments if administering both programs, or PHAS if only administering public housing.
- (2) Small PHA A PHA that is not designated as PHAS or SEMAP troubled, or at risk of being designated as troubled, that owns or manages less than 250 public housing Asset Management units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceeds 550.
- (3) Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Only PHA A PHA that administers more than 550 HCVs, was not designated as troubled in its most recent SEMAP assessment and does not own or manage public housing.
- (4) **Standard PHA** A PHA that owns or manages 250 or more public housing units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceeds 550, and that was designated as a standard performer in the most recent PHAS or SEMAP assessments.
- (5) Troubled PHA A PHA that achieves an overall PHAS or SEMAP score of less than 60 percent.
- (6) Qualified PHA A PHA with 550 or fewer public housing dwelling units and/or housing choice vouchers combined, and is not PHAS or SEMAP troubled.

A.	PHA Information.						
A.1	PHA Name: The Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg PHA Code: SC003 PHA Type: Standard PHA Troubled PHA PHA Plan for Fiscal Year Beginning: (MM/YYYY): 10/2021 PHA Inventory (Based on Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) units at time of FY beginning, above) Number of Public Housing (PH) Units 618 Number of Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs) 2650Total Combined Units/Vouchers 3.268 PHA Plan Submission Type: Annual Submission Revised Annual Submission Availability of Information. PHAs must have the elements listed below in sections B and C readily available to the public. A PHA must identify the specific location(s) where the proposed PHA Plan, PHA Plan Elements, and all information relevant to the public hearing and proposed PHA Plan are available for inspection by the public. At a minimum, PHAs must post PHA Plans, including updates, at each Asset Management Project (AMP) and main office or central office of the PHA. PHAs are strongly encouraged to post complete PHA Plans on their official website. PHAs are also encouraged to provide each resident council a copy of their PHA Plans.				HA must identify proposed PHA agement Project		
PHA Consortia: (Check box if submitting a Joint PHA Plan and complete table below) Program(s) not in the No. of Units i					No. of Units in	in Each Program	
	Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) in the Consortia	Consortia	РН	HCV	
	Lead PHA:						

В	Annual Plan Elements
В. 1	Revision of PHA Plan Elements.
1	(a) Have the following PHA Plan elements been revised by the PHA?
	Y N □ Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs □ Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions. □ Financial Resources. □ Rent Determination. □ Operation and Management. □ Grievance Procedures. □ Homeownership Programs. □ Community Service and Self-Sufficiency Programs. □ Safety and Crime Prevention. □ Pet Policy. □ Asset Management. □ Substantial Deviation. Need to review (review HUD's definition) □ Significant Amendment/Modification

Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs

The Spartanburg Housing Authority (SHA) strives to assist in addressing the needs of low-income, very low-income and extremely low-income families in the City of Spartanburg and Spartanburg County. SHA does this through its Asset Management Program, Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program, Mod Rehab Program, and other Affordable / Moderate Income Programs and HUD's Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program.

There continues to be a need for affordable housing programs provided by the PHA as evidenced by occupancy rates in assisted housing as well as by response to wait list openings for Public Housing, HCV and Affordable Housing within the jurisdiction.

SHA serves over 3,608 families under its various housing programs (See Table 1 below):

Table 1

Housing Programs	Units	Vouchers
Public Housing	608	
Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) HCV (Voucher Program)		2,103
Mod Rehab		190
Affordable/Moderate Income	345	
RAD		357
VASH		5
Total	953	2,655

Families served are within the maximum income limit of the 80% median family income for Spartanburg County. Rent payments are based on adjusted annual income. There are currently waiting lists for admission. (See Table 2)

Table 2

Waiting List by Program	
Asset Management	5,482
HCV	3,636
Mod Rehab	6
Project Base	32
Affordable/Moderate Income	133
RAD	9,732
VASH	0

Total 19,154

The 2020 Median Income for the Spartanburg, SC MSA is \$64,700. Income Limits are based on the family size or number of persons in the family. Forty-one percent of SHA households consist of one member only. Thirty percent of area median income limit (AMI) in the Spartanburg, SC, MSA (Metropolitan Statistical Area) for a family with three is \$20,780. Eighty six percent of families in the Asset Management programs fall below this limit. The Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) participants are at 89% AMI. The Mod Rehab program participants are at 98% of AMI other Affordable Housing Programs in Spartanburg are at 85.3% AMI.

In 2019, SHA opened the HCV waiting list to families. Households of various races and ethnic groups of families on our waiting lists for Asset Management account as 25.14% White, 72.24% Black, .49% Asian, .33% American Indian and 1.8% Hispanic. Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program waiting lists total as 21.2% White, 70.6% Black, , 5.9% Hispanic and other 2.3%.

Affordability

Like many South Carolina communities, affordability is by far the largest housing problem in Spartanburg. The most recent Census estimates show 45.7% of renters and 23.2% of homeowners pay more than 30% of their income on housing costs (2015 American Community Survey).

Supply

As of May 2020, there were 19,154 households on the Spartanburg Housing Authority's waiting lists. There is a significantly high unmet demand for assisted housing in Spartanburg. Current funding levels simply do not allow supply to meet the demand.

Quality

Quality affordable units that are both decent and safe are needed throughout the jurisdiction.

<u>Accessibility</u>

SHA complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements by having 5% of its housing stock meet the accessibility requirements.

Size of Units

SHA's Asset Management units are comprised of various sizes and types of units which include duplexes, garden style apartments, townhouses, high-rise apartments and range from efficiencies to five bedrooms.

Location

Factors that must be considered in developing housing include location, services, amenities, proximity to health care, shopping, affordability, transportation and schools.

Strategies for Addressing the Housing Needs

- 1. SHA intends to maintain the availability of decent, safe and affordable housing needs by:
 - a. One for one replacement of units repositioned due to RAD.
 - b. Leveraging private or other public funds as available to create additional affordable housing opportunities by:
 - i. Continue to support and to seek partnerships and alliances with non-profit and for-profit developers
 - ii. Identify opportunities, Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) RAD, Project-Based Vouchers, HOME or other grants supporting rehabilitation or development
 - iii. Consider utilizing bonding capacity
 - c. Utilize Demolition or Disposition Transitional Funding (formerly Replacement Housing Factor Funds) and or development fees as available.
 - d. Review opportunities to acquire or build units or developments.
 - e. Use LIHTC program (both 4% & 9% credits) when available to rehabilitate existing, or to construct new affordable rental property. Support efforts by the City of Spartanburg and the Highland Community in the development of a Master Plan for Highland Area.
 - f. Maintain a minimum of 98% occupancy rate. Maintain vacant unit turnover time at or below 20 days.
 - g. Improve housing management monitoring and internal reporting tools. Maintain a high level of accountability, while implementing timely tracking, scheduling, and follow-up for rent collection efforts, vacancy turnover management, and new leases.
- 2. Review applications for additional vouchers through the NOFA process.
 - a. The Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) HCV Program may issue an RFP for project based vouchers, or will utilize PBV's in accordance with RAD guidance in an effort to support the increase of affordable assisted housing within the community. HCV will review published NOFAs to determine eligibility and capacity.

The City's Consolidated Plan reflects a lack of affordable housing as a potential barrier. SHA entered into a MOU with the City of Spartanburg and the County of Spartanburg to address the HUD, Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing protocol. SHA participates in the United Way, Financial Stability and Housing Task Force, and continues to work with community partners to identify and address issues involving affordable housing. SHA will seek replacement of public housing units lost in the inventory by demolition. SHA will market the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program among owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration.

Homeownership

SHA will review request by public housing residents occupying single family homes who wish to purchase. This option will no longer be available once the units have converted to RAD. The HCV program will continue to support homeownership utilizing the HCV vouchers.

Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions

PHA Policies Governing Eligibility, Selection, Admissions Policy, including De-concentration and Wait List Procedures. [24 CFR Part 903.7 (b)]

The following eligibility requirements apply to applicant families seeking Asset Management and HCV assistance:

- 1. A family as defined by HUD and the SHA:
 - a. Heads of household where at least one member of the household is either a citizen or eligible non-citizen. (24 CFR Part 5, Subpart E).
 - b. Has an Annual Income at the time of admission that does not exceed the low-income limit for occupancy established by HUD and posted separately in the SHA offices.
 - c. Provides a Social Security number for all family members, age 6 or older, or will provide written certification that they do not have Social Security numbers;
 - d. Meets or exceeds the tenant Selection and Suitability Criteria as set forth in this policy.
- 2. All applicants will be processed in accordance with HUD's regulations (24 CFR Part 960) and sound management practices. Applicants will be required to demonstrate ability to comply with essential provisions of the lease or program requirements.
- 3. SHA will permanently deny admission to lifetime sex offenders and persons convicted of manufacturing or producing methamphetamine on the premises of the assisted housing project in violation of any Federal or State law. "Premises" is defined as the building or complex in which the dwelling unit is located, including common areas and grounds. SHA will not waive this requirement.
- 4. SHA will make unit offers based on time and date of application, needed bedroom size, and any local preferences. Two offers are made based on unit availability. The HCV program may select applicants based on a lottery system.
- 5. SHA purges its waiting list through letters and/or emails to applicants every year. Applicants must then login to their portal to declare their status within 30 days.
- 6. SHA will consider mitigating circumstance when considering denial of assistance based on criminal activity.

Implementation of the following activities will assist the residents in increasing their income levels. This will potentially impact those families currently residing in communities with a concentration of poverty, as well as helping residents overcome the barriers of transportation, education and child care.

- 1. SHA is administering its Family Self-sufficiency Program as a tool for assisting residents and participants in increasing their wage earning capacity.
- 2. Families will continue to be connected to community parnters through training, case management, referrals, counseling, and job placement.
- 3. SHA will seek other Department of Labor funded grant opportunities.
- 4. SHA will comply with HUD regulations concerning income mixing in Asset Management properties.
- 5. Preferences have been implemented for homeless and veterans. The preference will permit homeless veterans to receive additional points when waitlists are open. SHA's HCV program is

- currently administering a TBRA (tenant based rental assistance program) which provides rental assistance to homeless veterans. Approximately 12-15 veterans will be served in unincorporated areas of the county SHA will administer a second TBRA program from Spartanburg County, which will assist 12-15 families that are elderly, disabled or working.
- 6. SHA will seek replacement of public housing units lost in inventory through demolition. SHA will market the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program among owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration.

Financial Resources:

Financiai Resources.				
	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019
Low Rent Public Housing Operating				
Fund	\$3,832,102.00	\$ 3,516,444.00	\$ 2,378,931.00	\$2,414,652.00
Capital Fund	\$2,849,950.00	\$27,818.00	\$369,675.00	\$785,143.00
Housing Choice Voucher	\$10,467,607.00	\$11,712,040.00	\$12,750,650.00	\$12,118,236.00
Multifamily Housing Elderly Service Coordinators	\$71,365.00	\$72,760.00	\$66,181.00	\$207,071.00
YouthBuild Program	\$599,562.00	\$ 450,798.00	\$353,560.00	\$55,092.00
Resident Opportunities and Self Sufficiency	\$251,690.00	\$291,797.00	\$ 135,191.00	\$97,223.00
Moderate Rehabilitation Program (Cluster)	\$1,751,371.00	\$1,460,679.00	\$ 1,432,091.00	\$129,666.00
Blended Component unit	\$ -	\$ -	\$122,094.00	\$1,399,497.00
New Construction S/R Section 8 Programs (Cluster)	\$497,366.00	\$494,015.00	\$ 490,205.00	\$ -
CDBG Funds (pass-through from City of Spartanburg)	\$9,219.00	\$ 2,396.00	\$ -	\$487,705 .00
HOME Funds (pass-through from City of Spartanburg)	\$677,397.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$57,782.00
Choice Neighborhood Planning Grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special Allocation - Vocational Funds (SC state pass-through)	\$ 102,977.00	\$114,856.00	\$ -	\$ -
Total Federal Grants	\$ 21,110,606.00	\$ 18,143,603.00	\$18,098,578.00	\$17,752,067.00
Dwelling Rents	\$1,741,706.00	\$1,681,564.00	\$ 1,701,740.00	\$1,590,392.00
Tenant revenue -other	\$152,953.00	\$134,385.00	\$ 158,229.00	\$157,744.00
Gain on disposition of assets	\$ (4,507,325.00)	\$2,779,281.00	\$ (343,778.00)	\$ -
Business Activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,404.00
Other income	\$ 4,087,551.00	\$ -	\$ 1,161,791.00	\$676,745.00
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$ 22,585,491.00	\$ 22,738,833.00	\$ 20,776,560.00	\$20,199,352.00

Rent Determination

Rent is determined by establishing the household's total tenant payment (TTP) in accordance with 24 CFR 5.628.

HUD regulations specify the formula for calculating the total tenant payment (TTP) for a tenant family. TTP is the highest of the following amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar:

- 30% of the family's monthly adjusted income (adjusted income is defined in Part II)
- 10% of the family's monthly gross income (annual income, as defined in Part I, divided by 12)
- The welfare rent (in as-paid states only)

• A minimum rent of \$50 has been established by SHA.

The SHA has authority to suspend and exempt families from minimum rent when a financial hardship exists, as defined in section 6-III.B of the ACOP.

SHA will submit a Letter of Intent for Moving to Work Cohorts based around Rent Reform.

Homeownership Programs

SHA has an approved Section 32 Homeownership Program with 15 remaining PHA Scattered Site homes. Existing public housing residents may purchase the homes until SHA has received a RAD, CHAP and approval from HUD. At that time the homes will be sold to the public at the appraised value.

SHA may elect to sell or offer of these homes to be rehabilitated and rented to low income families. Alternately, SHA may receive a grant from the Department of Mental Health which may permit rehabilitation of the homes. In this case, SHA will seek permission to provide these homes to persons with mental health disabilities.

Public Housing Program

SHA will continue to seek opportunities for participants in the area of homeownership.

- 1. SHA has recently submitted a Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Grant for AMP 40 which includes all of the scattered site single family homes in the Section 32 Program. If approved SHA plans to dispose of the majority of these homes by selling them as is to any individual, the sale would not be restricted to low-income buyers.
- 2. Review Lease Purchase Program to increase success in low-income families to becoming first time homeowners.

Housing Choice Voucher Program

Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) HCV Program will continue with its Homeownership Program.

This Homeownership option will be available to up to 150 participants utilizing the voucher.

HCV Program will administer Mainstream and VASH voucher as required by HUD regulations.

Housing Choice Voucher Waitlist

The Spartanburg Housing Authority may utilize a lottery system to place applicants on the waiting list for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The lottery system will only be used if more than 5000 applications are received.

Once the application deadline expires and the waitlist is closed, SHA will conduct a lottery to randomly assign a lottery number to all pre-applications in the preliminary applicant pool. The pre-applications will then be placed on the HCV waitlist in sequential order based on the assigned lottery number, and then sorted by preference(s) to determine the position on the waitlist.

SHA will determine the total number of families to be placed on the wait list. The total number of families on the waitlist should not exceed a reasonable estimated wait time to be selected from the waitlist. Applicants selected for placement on the waitlist will be notified. Those applications not selected for the waitlist will received a notice and must reapply when the waiting list reopens.

SHA continues to accept applicants on the HCV waiting list to veterans who currently live in Spartanburg County. Families who apply must meet the local residency and veteran preference.

Community Service and Self-Sufficiency Programs

The Spartanburg Housing Authority will continue to provide resident services through the utilization of HUD funds and grants to public housing communities. We will support Resident Councils and Resident Advisory Boards, and will work to increase their awareness and participation in community services and activities. SHA will partner with community organizations to provide supportive services to our residents and participants. SHA will continue to administer our Family Self-Sufficiency Program for both public housing residents and Housing Choice Voucher recipients. This program consists of job readiness assistance training, case management, and referral services. These activities may assist the agency in increasing the income levels of residents currently residing in communities. Non-Public Housing Families who live in RAD communities will be assisted in accordance with HUD regulations. SHA partners with local colleges and businesses to offer education, training and employment opportunities to residents.

SHA has computer labs based in all public housing communities, which allow residents internet access to search for jobs, do homework or research information self-sufficiency tools. SHA will collaborate with community partners to teach classes and worshops utilizing the computer labs. .

Through the Elderly and Disabled Subsidy and Multi Family Services Coordination Grants employ Service Coordinators to assist senior and disabled residents to live longer independently in their own apartments. The service coordinators provide referrals, programs, and activites to allow residents to age in place with supportive services.

SHA will be a site for the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP).SFSP is administered at the Federal level by the Food and Nutrition Service, an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture. SHA plans to help feed children in our PHA sites during the summer months to help fill the gap when school is out. SHA will collaborate with community partners to provide educational opportunities to all children during the summer.

SHA will apply to become a sponsor for the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) through the Department of Social Services (DSS). The CACFP will allow SHA to provide a nutritious dinner and snack to children in PHA sites as well as other children in the community that are a part of an after-school program.

SHA partners with a local college to offer after school homework assistance to increase classroom performance for children in grades K-5th that reside in PHA sites. This program is being established to enrich children's learning so they can become strong, enthusiastic and independent.

SHA will apply for a AmeriCorp VISTA to provide program opportunities at each PHA site to build capacity in programming with commutity partners for services to families.

Safety and Crime Prevention

All of the Spartanburg Housing Authority's public housing properties are within the City Limits of the City of Spartanburg. All of these properties are under the jurisdiction of the Spartanburg Police Department. The SHA portfolio contains units in the County of Spartanburg, the jurisdiction of the Spartanburg County Sheriff. SHA regularly communicates with both agencies regarding community security issues. SHA will continue its efforts to effectively engage with Spartanburg Police Department (SPD).

- 1. SHA, through its agreement with SPD receive daily reports of calls for service and weekly reports of incidents within public housing sites or crimes committed by persons residing within public housing.
- 2. SPD has established a "HOTLINE" for residents to anonymously report any criminal activities. There is a "Hotspot" form that we pass out to residents to anonymously report crime.
- 3. The Archibald Rutledge Hi-Rise property has established a resident-staffed Reception Desk, seven days a week, during daytime hours, whereby entry into the building is monitored.
- 4. SHA maintains agreement with SPD to, provide supplemental patrols as needed, develop, and implement crime prevention strategies.
- 5. SHA will check criminal history using Yardi credit screening, for all applicants who are 18 years of age or older, to determine whether any family member has engaged in violent or drug-related criminal activity.
- 6. SHA will check criminal history for all applicants, residents, and participantswho are 18 years of age or older. HUD requires denial of assistance to persons convicted as lifetime sexual offenders and for production of methamphetamines. SHA will consider mitigating circumstances in accordance with HUD guidance for other offenses.
- 7. To respond to the needs of child and adult victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, SHA will comply with all HUD VAWA regulations.
- 8. SHA will seek to install additional security measures at all public housing sites.

SPD, as part of its agreement with SHA, provides officers as needed to testify, provides training, and assists in preparing documents for court, to ensure corrective measures are taken.

Asset Management Security Improvements:

- a. SHA continues to partner with community groups and Neighborhood Watch organizations.
- b. New signage was purchased for all sites in compliance with the SC Code of Laws Section 16-11-620 regarding trespassing on SHA property.
- c. New security camera upgrades were completed at Archibald Hi-Rise and Prince Hall Apartments. Additional cameras are bing explored for the exterior of Prince Hall and interior of Camp Croft Courts and JC Bull Apartments.

VAWA

The SHA is in compliance with the VAWA provisions.

Asset Management

SHA manages its AMP's in accordance with HUD's Asset Management principals.

DECONCENTRATION AND INCOME TARGETING

1. Background

Included in Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA or Housing Reform Act) is a requirement that PHA's submit, with their Agency Plans, an admissions policy designed to promote income-mixing within Asset Management complexes. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) established "income-mixing" rules and tools for evaluation of the current income-mix. The procedures are delineated, "Rule to Deconcentrate Poverty and Promote Integration in Public

Housing; Final Rule", published in the Federal Register as 24 CFR Part 903 and dated 22 December 2000.

2. Deconcentration Policy

It is the Spartanburg Housing Authority's (SHA) policy to provide for deconcentration of poverty and encourage income mixing with a goal of bringing higher income families into lower income complexes, and lower income families into higher income complexes. SHA will ensure that all marketing of our housing is targeted to all eligible income groups. Lower income residents will not be steered toward lower income complexes; higher income residents will not be steered toward higher income complexes. Instead, residents decide where they would like to live. Each applicant that reaches the top of the waiting list will be offered the first available unit. However, if they do not wish to accept this unit offer, they will be given up to two additional offers. If an applicant declines three unit offers without good cause, that applicant will be cancelled from the waiting list.

3. Income Targeting

The Housing Authority will follow the statutory requirement that at least 40% of newly admitted families in any fiscal year should have an annual income at or below 30% of the area median income. To ensure this requirement is met, the Housing Authority will monitor incomes of newly admitted families.

4. Fair Housing

In March 2017, the City of Spartanburg, Spartanburg County, and the Spartanburg Housing Authority entered into a collaborative partnership to prepare an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) Study. Spartanburg County's Community and Economic Development Department has lead the effort in support of SHA and the City to select consultant Mosaic Community Planning, LLC to prepare the study. Over the last nine months the three partners have gathered information from stakeholders, over 250 resident surveys, and six public meetings.

The completed document, the Joint Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice is required to be submitted to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development – Fair Housing Division for review.

The document is a requirement as part of the partner's efforts to receive federal funds for housing, community development, and economic development. The completed document provides the partners with six (6) impediments that should be addressed over the next 3-5 years.

- 1. IMPEDIMENT #1: LACK OF GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY IN AFFORDABLE HOUSING CHOICES
- 2. IMPEDIMENT #2: NEIGHBORHOODS NEED PLACE-BASED COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS
- 3. IMPEDIMENT #3: NEED FOR CONTINUED AND EXPANDED FAIR HOUSING ACTIVITIES
- 4. IMPEDIMENT #4: AFFORDABLE HOUSING PLANNING LACKS EQUITY FOCUS
- 5. IMPEDIMENT #5: LIMITED HOUSING OPTIONS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES
- 6. IMPEDIMENT #6: WEAK JOBS-TRANSIT CONNECTION

2 (a) Does the PHA intend to undertake any new activities related to the following in the PHA's current Fiscal Year?

Y N
☐ ☑ Hope VI or Choice Neighborhoods.
□ Demolition and/or Disposition.
☐ Designated Housing for Elderly and/or Disabled Families.
☐ Conversion of Asset Management to Tenant-Based Assistance.
Conversion of Public Housing to Project-Based Assistance under RAD.
☐ ☑ Occupancy by Over-Income Families.
☐ ☑ Occupancy by Police Officers.
□ Non-Smoking Policies.
☐ Project-Based Vouchers.

☐ Units with Approved Vacancies for Modernization.

Other Capital Grant Programs (i.e., Capital Fund Community Facilities Grants or Emergency Safety and Security Grants).

Mixed Finance Modernization of Development

The Spartanburg Housing Authority has an approved Rental Assistance Demonstration Program (RAD) award for a portion of its portfolio. SHA intends to convert its entire remaining public housing portfolio utilizing the RAD process.

The Public Housing units will convert to Project Based Vouchers under the RAD Program. SHA has received a Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (CHAP) for these properties and anticipates RAD conversion closing in 2020.

EXISTING MIXED FINANCE PROPERTIES	TOTAL UNITS	RAD PROJECT BASED VOUCHERS	RAD CONVESION STRATEGY
Country Garden Estates	50	10	Refinancing; Closing March 2020
Collins Park	100	24	Refinancing
The Ridge at Southport	78	54	Refinancing
Cottage Grove	8	8	Refinancing
Cammie Clagett Phase II	18	18	Transfer of Assistance to Northside Station
Victoria Gardens	80	80	Anticiapted June 2020 Closing; 4% LIHTC
Single Family Houses	15	15	Deminimis Disposition
TOTAL	279	132	

Collins Park, The Ridge at Southport and Cottage Grove will convert under the RAD Program with refinancing.

Country Garden Estates will convert through refinancing. The initial 15-year Tax Credit compliance period has expired and SHA will exercise its first right of refusal to acquire the property as sole owner. A 223F loan will be utilized to pay off the existing first mortgage and fund some rehabilitation work.

Cammie Clagett Phase II – Phase II of the Cammie Clagett RAD conversion will consist of a Transfer of Assistance (TOA) to another site. SHA has partnered with the City of Spartanburg, the Northside Development Group and Spartanburg Housing Partners, a for profit developer, to transfer 18 of the remaining 78 RAD replacement units from the Cammie Clagett development to new construction sites.

Single Family Homes – The single-family homes will be disposed of under a portfolio "diminimus" disposition and will not convert to RAD units. SHA may elect to sell the units at fair market value under an open bid process or rehabiliate the units for rental. Alternately, SHA may elect to partner with South Carolina Department of Mental Health to position these units for housing for persons with disabilities.

<u>Phase III</u> – The final Phase of the RAD conversion includes the properties listed in the chart below. SHA will procure Development Partners to assist in the redevelopment of these properties. The proposed strategy for each property is summarized below.

PROPERTY	RAD CONVERSION UNITS	RAD CONVERSION STRATEGY
Archibald Rutledge	150	4% LIHTC 2021
Archibald Village	50	4% LIHTC 2021
Camp Croft Courts	96	Phased demolition and redevelopment 2022
Cambridge Place	6	Convert "as is"
NEW MIXED INCOME P.	ARTNERSHIP	
Prince Hall Apartments	100	Deminimis Disposition 2022

TOTAL 476

Archibald Rutledge and Village—SHA may seek to leverage capital that may become available for Opportunity Zones. In addition, the SHA will submit a 4% LIHTC application in 2020.

Victoria Gardens – **SHA was awarded a 9% LIHTC in 2019.** The RAD conversion strategy for Victoria Gardens is substantial rehabilitation with with an anticipated closing of June 2020. The rehab will be done using phases construction to minimize off-site relocation.

Camp Croft Courts and, Prince Hall – Plans are being reviewed to determine the best possible options for these sites.

Non-smoking Policies

Smoking is prohibited in the common areas and the dwelling units at all SHA public housing properties as of July 30, 2018. Designated Smoking Areas were implemented at the Archibald Hi-Rise and Village, 25 feet away from all entrances.

US Department of Housing and Urban Development 24CFR part 965 "Instituting Smoke Free Public Housing". SHA requires all residents to comply with no smoking in any public housing and sign the board approved Smoke Free Policy.

Project-Based Vouchers

As part of the redevelopment strategy and to improve the overall quality of the housing stock offered to the residents of Spartanburg County, SHA may project base up to 25% of its baseline voucher allocation. Preference for Project Based Vouchers will be combined with RAD vouchers for Transfer of Assistance conversion identified above.

The Transfer of Assistance to Project Based Vouchers will be assigned to the following properties:

Country Gardens Estate
Collins Park
The Ridge at Southport
Cottage Grove
Cammie Clagett Courts
Other SHA approved properties

RAD RESIDENT PROTECTION

Upon conversion to Project Based Vouchers, the Authority will adopt the RAD resident rights, participation, waiting list and grievance procedures as described below. Additionally, the Spartanburg Housing Authority is currently compliant with all Fair Housing and Civil Rights requirements and is not under a Voluntary Compliance Agreement.

RAD was designed by HUD to assist in addressing the capital needs of Public housing by providing SHA with access to private sources of capital to repair and preserve its affordable housing assets.

SHA certifies that all RAD locations, including new locations selected for transfer of assistance shall meet all Site and Neighborhood requirements and shall comply with the following requirements.

- ➤ Site selection requirements set forth at 24 CFR 983.57;
- ➤ The Fair Housing Act;
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 including implementing regulations at 24 CFR 1.4(b)(3);
- ➤ Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 including implementing regulations at 24 CFR 8.4(b)(5); and
- ➤ The Americans with Disabilities Act.

Significant Amendment Definition

As part of the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD), the Housing Authority is redefining the definition of a substantial deviation from the PHA Plan to reflect exclusion of the following RAD-specific items:

Changes to the Capital Fund Budgets produced as a result of each approved RAD conversion, regardless of whether the proposed conversion will include use of additional Capital Funds;

- > Changes to the construction and/or rehabilitation plan for each approved RAD conversion; and
- ➤ Changes to the financing structure for each approved RAD conversion.

Resident Rights and Participation

- 1. No Re-screening of Tenants upon Conversion. Pursuant to the RAD statute, at conversion, current households are not subject to rescreening, income eligibility, or income targeting provisions. Consequently, current households will be grandfathered for conditions that occurred prior to conversion but will be subject to any ongoing eligibility requirements for actions that occur after conversion. For example, a unit with a household that was over-income at time of conversion would continue to be treated as an assisted unit. Thus, 24 CFR § 982.201, concerning eligibility and targeting, will not apply for current households. Once that remaining household moves out, the unit must be leased to an eligible family.
- 2. Right to Return. Any residents that may need to be temporarily relocated to facilitate rehabilitation or construction will have a right to return to an assisted unit at the development once rehabilitation or construction is completed. Where the transfer of assistance to a new site is warranted and approved (see Section 1.6.B.7 and Section 1.7.A.8 on conditions warranting a transfer of assistance), residents of the converting development will have the right to reside in an assisted unit at the new site once rehabilitation or construction is complete.

Residents of a development undergoing conversion of assistance may voluntarily accept a PHA or Owner's offer to permanently relocate to another assisted unit, and thereby waive their right to return to the development after rehabilitation or construction is completed.

- 3. Renewal of Lease. Under current regulations at 24 CFR § 983.257(b) (3), upon lease expiration, a PHA can choose not to renew the lease, without good cause. In such a case, the regulatory consequence is the loss of the assisted unit. Under RAD, the PHA must renew all leases upon lease expiration, unless cause exists. Consequently, 24 CFR §983.257(b) (3) will not apply. This provision must be incorporated by the PBV owner into the tenant lease or tenancy addendum, as appropriate.
- 4. *Phase-in of Tenant Rent Increases*. If a tenant's monthly rent increases by more than the greatest of 10 percent or \$25 purely as a result of conversion, the rent increase will be phased in over 3 years. To implement this provision, HUD is waiving section 3(a) (1) of the Act, as well as 24 CFR § 983.3 (definition of "total tenant payment" (TTP)) only to the extent necessary to allow for the phase-in of tenant rent increases.

The below method explains the set percentage-based phase-in an owner must follow according to the phase-in period established. For purposes of this section "standard TTP" refers to the TTP calculated in

accordance with regulations at 24 CFR §5.628 and the "most recently paid TTP" refers to the TTP recorded on line 9j of the family's most recent HUD Form 50058

Three Year Phase-in:

- ➤ Year 1: Any recertification (interim or annual) performed prior to the second annual recertification after conversion 33% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the standard TTP
- ➤ Year 2: Year 2 Annual Recertification (AR) and any Interim Recertification (IR) prior to Year 3 AR − 66% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the standard TTP
- ➤ Year 3: Year 3 AR and all subsequent recertification's Full standard TTP

Please Note: Once the standard TTP is equal to or less than the previous TTP, the phase-in ends and tenants will pay full TTP from that point forward.

- 5. Public Housing Family Self Sufficiency (PH FSS) Current PH FSS participants will continue to be eligible for FSS once their housing is converted under RAD, and PHAs will be allowed to use any PH FSS funds granted previously or pursuant to the FY 2013 PH FSS NOFA, to serve those FSS participants who live in units converted by RAD and who will as a result be moving to the HCV FSS program, subject to the following:
 - a. If a PHA has an HCV FSS program, a PHA must convert the PH FSS program participants at the covered project to their HCV FSS program. SHA will comply with all notices and regulatory advises pertaining to RAD and HCV.
 - b. **If** a PHA does not have an HCV FSS program, the PHA must establish an HCV FSS program and convert the PH FSS program participants at the covered project into their HCV FSS program. PHAs are not required to offer enrollment in FSS to residents in converting projects and other HCV participants, other than to residents in converting projects that were enrolled in the PH FSS program. Please see future FSS Notices of Funding Availability and other guidance for additional details, including FSS coordinator funding eligibility of PHAs under a RAD conversion.

All PHAs will be required to administer the FSS program in accordance with FSS regulations at 24 CFR Part 984 and in accordance with the participants' contracts of participation. However, residents who were converted from the PH FSS program to the HCV FSS program through RAD may not be terminated from the HCV FSS program or have HCV assistance withheld due to the participant's failure to comply with the contract of participation. Consequently, 24 CFR984.303 (b) (5) (iii) does not apply to FSS participants in converted properties.

- 6. Resident Participation and Funding. In accordance with Attachment 1B, residents of covered projects converting assistance to PBVs will have the right to establish and operate a resident organization for the purpose of addressing issues related to their living environment and be eligible for resident participation funding.
- 7. Resident Procedural Rights. The following items must be incorporated into both the HCV Administrative Plan and the owner's lease, which includes the required tenancy addendum, as appropriate. Evidence of such incorporation may be requested by HUD for purposes of monitoring the program.
 - a. <u>Termination Notification</u>. HUD is incorporating additional termination notification requirements to comply with section 6 of the Act for public housing projects that convert assistance under RAD. In addition to the regulations at 24 CFR § 983.257, related to owner termination of tenancy and eviction, as modified by the waiver in Section 1.6(C)(3) above, the

termination procedure for RAD conversions to PBV will require that PHAs provide adequate written notice of termination of the lease which shall not be less than:

- i. A reasonable period of time, but not to exceed 30 days:
 - If the health or safety of other tenants, PHA employees, or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises is threatened; or
 - In the event of any drug-related or violent criminal activity or any felony conviction;
- ii. 14 days in the case of nonpayment of rent; and
- iii. 30 days in any other case, except that if a State or local law provides for a shorter period of time, such shorter period shall apply.
- b. <u>Grievance Process</u>. HUD is incorporating additional procedural rights to comply with the requirements of section 6 of the Act. For issues related to tenancy and termination of assistance, PBV program rules require the PHA to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing, as outlined in 24CFR § 982.555. RAD will waive 24 CFR § 982.555(b) in part, which outlines when informal hearings are not required, and require that:
 - i. In addition to reasons that require an opportunity for an informal hearing given in 24 CFR § 982.555(a) (1) (i)-(vi), an opportunity for an informal hearing must be given to residents for any dispute that a resident may have with respect to a PHA (as owner) action in accordance with the individual's lease or the contract administrator in accordance with RAD PBV requirements that adversely affect the resident's rights, obligations, welfare, or status.
 - For any hearing required under 24 CFR § 982.555(a) (1) (i)-(vi), the contract administrator will perform the hearing, as is the current standard in the program.
 - For any additional hearings required under RAD, the PHA (as owner) will perform the hearing.
 - ii. An informal hearing will not be required for class grievances or to disputes between residents not involving the PHA (as owner) or contract administrator.
 - This hearing requirement shall not apply to and is not intended as a forum for initiating or negotiating policy changes between a group or groups of residents and the PHA (as owner) or contract administrator.
 - iii. The PHA (as owner) give residents notice of their ability to request an informal hearing as outlined in 24 CFR § 982.555(c) (1) for informal hearings that will address circumstances that fall outside of the scope of 24 CFR §982.555(a) (1) (i)-(vi).
 - iv. The PHA (as owner) provides opportunity for an informal hearing before an eviction.

Current PBV program rules require that hearing procedures must be outlined in the PHA's HCV Administrative Plan.

8. *Earned Income Disregard (EID)*. Tenants who are employed and are currently receiving the EID exclusion at the time of conversion will continue to receive the EID after conversion, in accordance with regulations at 24 CFR § 5.617. Upon the expiration of the EID for such families, the rent adjustment shall not be subject to rent phase-in, as described in Section 1.6.C.4; instead, the rent will automatically rise to

the appropriate rent level based upon tenant income at that time.

Under the Housing Choice Voucher program, the EID exclusion is limited to only persons with disabilities (24 CFR § 5.617(b)). In order to allow all tenants (including non-disabled persons) who are employed and currently receiving the EID at the time of conversion to continue to benefit from this exclusion in the PBV project, the provision in section 5.617(b) limiting EID to only disabled persons is waived. The waiver and resulting alternative requirement only applies to tenants receiving the EID at the time of conversion.

No other tenant (e.g., tenants who at one time received the EID but are not receiving the EID exclusion at the time of conversion (e.g., due to loss of employment); tenants that move into the property following conversion, etc.,) is covered by this waiver.

PBV: Other Miscellaneous Provisions

- 1. Access to Records, Including Requests for Information Related to Evaluation of Demonstration. PHAs must agree to any reasonable HUD request for data to support program evaluation, including but not limited to project financial statements, operating data, Choice-Mobility utilization, and rehabilitation work. Please see Appendix IV for reporting units in Form HUD-50058.
- 2. Additional Monitoring Requirement. The PHA's Board must approve the operating budget for the covered project annually in accordance with HUD requirements.
- 3. Davis-Bacon Act and Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (Section 3). Under existing PBV program rules, projects that qualify as "existing housing" under 24 CFR § 983.52(a) are not subject to Davis-Bacon (prevailing wages, the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, and other related regulations, rules, and requirements) or Section 3 (24 CFR Part 135). However, the Davis-Bacon Act and Section 3 shall apply to all initial repairs that are identified in the Financing Plan to the extent that such repairs qualify as construction or rehabilitation, regardless of whether the project qualifies as "existing housing."

Developmental requirements under 24 CFR §983.154 and fair housing provisions under 24 CFR § 983.152(c) (vi) continue to apply.

4. Establishment of Waiting List. In establishing the waiting list for the converted project, the PHA shall utilize the project-specific waiting list that existed at the time of conversion, unless the assistance is being transferred to another neighborhood. If a project-specific waiting list does exist, but the PHA is transferring the assistance to another neighborhood, the PHA must notify applicants on the wait-list of the transfer of assistance, and on how they can apply for residency at the new project site or other sites. Applicants on a project-specific waiting list for a project where the assistance is being transferred shall have priority on the newly formed waiting list for the new project site in accordance with the date and time of their application to the original project's waiting list. In addition, the waiting list must be established and maintained in accordance with PBV program requirements.

If a project-specific waiting list for the project does not exist, the PHA shall establish a waiting list in accordance 24 CFR § 903.7(b)(2)(ii)-(iv) to ensure that applicants on the PHA's Asset Management community-wide waiting list have been offered placement on the converted project's initial waiting list. For the purpose of establishing the initial waiting list, PHAs have the discretion to determine the most appropriate means of informing applicants on the Asset Management waiting list given the number of applicants,

PHA resources and community characteristics of the proposed conversion under RAD. Such activities

should be pursuant to the PHA's policies for waiting list management, including the obligation to affirmatively further fair housing.

A PHA may consider contacting every applicant on the public housing waitlist via direct mailing; advertising the availability of housing to the population that is less likely to apply, both minority and non-minority groups, through various forms of media (e.g., radio stations, posters, newspapers) within the marketing area, informing local non-profit entities and advocacy groups (e.g., disability rights groups); and conducting other outreach as appropriate. Applicants on the agency's centralized Asset Management waiting list who wish to be placed onto the newly-established waiting list are done so in accordance with the date and time of their original application to the centralized Asset Management waiting list.

Any activities to contact applicants on the Asset Management waiting list must be conducted accordance with the requirements for effective communication with persons with disabilities at 24 CFR § 8.6 and the obligation to provide meaningful access for persons with limited English proficiency (LEP).

To implement this provision, HUD is waiving 24 CFR § 983.251(c) (2). However, after the initial waiting list has been established, the PHA shall administer its waiting list for the converted project in accordance with 24 CFR § 983.251(c).

- 5. Mandatory Insurance Coverage. The project shall maintain at all times commercially available property and liability insurance to protect the project from financial loss and, to the extent insurance proceeds permit, promptly restore, reconstruct, and/or repair any damaged or destroyed property of a project, except with the written approval of HUD to the contrary.
- 6. Agreement Waiver. For Asset Management conversions to PBV, there will be no Agreement to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments (AHAP) contract. Therefore, all regulatory references to the Agreement (AHAP), including regulations under 24 CFR Part 983 Subpart D are waived.
- 7. Future Refinancing. Owners must receive HUD approval for any refinancing or restructuring of permanent debt within the HAP contract term to ensure the financing is consistent with long-term preservation. (Current lenders and investors are also likely to require review and approval of refinancing of the primary permanent debt.)
- 8. Administrative Fees for Asset Management Conversions. For the initial Calendar Year in which a project's assistance has been converted, RAD PBV projects will be funded with Asset Management money. Since the Asset Management funding will not have been transferred to the TBRA account and since this funding is not HCV assistance the annual contributions contract (ACC) between the PHA and HUD will cover the project units, but be for zero dollars.

For this transition period, the ACC will primarily serve as the basis for covering the units and requiring PHA compliance with HUD requirements, but it will not be (as it is in the regular PBV program) the funding vehicle for the PBV RAD vouchers. Given this, and given the fact that PHAs will be receiving full Asset Management funding for the PBV units during this transition period, PHAs will not receive ongoing HCV administrative fee funding during this time.

Generally, PHAs receive ongoing administrative fees for units under a HAP contract, consistent with recent appropriation act references to "HCV(q) of the [United States Housing Act of 1937] and related appropriations act provisions in effect immediately before the Quality Housing and Responsibility Act of 1998" and 24 CFR 982.152(b). During the transition period mentioned in the preceding paragraph, these provisions are waived, and PHAs will not receive HCV ongoing administrative fees for PBV RAD units.

After this transition period, the ACC will be amended to include HCV funding that corresponds to the units covered by the ACC. At that time, the regular HCV administrative fee funding provisions will apply.

Other Capital Grant Programs

Currently SHA does not have any funded Capital Fund Community Facilities Grants or Emergency Safety and Security Grants. However, SHA reserves the right to submit these.

SHA has committed

\$541,000 to the Northside, as a financial tool in closing a gap in the 18 RAD units to be constructed in the Northside. An additional \$200,000 has been committed to the Northside project funded from the sale of Cammie Clagett. Funding may be adjusted depending on board approval. SHA may seek to develop one or more units of affordable housing in the City of Spartanburg area with remaining RHF, Capital or RAD funds. In addition, SHA will utilize RHF funds for RAD purposes, including expenses for RAD Physical Condition Assessments for properties where SHA has been issued Commitment of Housing Assistance Payments (CHAPs). Fees and services associated with RAD, payment of RAD consultant fees, and in supporting financial gaps in the portfolio transition. SHA will make minor improvements and upgrades at all of the public housing properties using the Capital Fund Program. The improvements are new toilets, water heaters, PTAC units, facuets, electrical panel upgrades, appliances, and HVAC units. The Capital Fund Program will also be used to help rehabilitate the single family homes.

The Spartanburg Housing Authority has an approved Rental Assistance Demonstration Program (RAD) award for a portion of its portfolio. The conversion of all Asset Management Properties to Project Based Vouchers is being completed in three phases.

Phase I

The first Phase of RAD consists of 8 properties with a total of 410 units. The RAD conversion transaction for Phase I closed in 2016.

Phase II

The second Phase of RAD consists of the 8 properties below. These properties are existing mixed finance communities that were developed under SHA's former HOPE VI program(s). The total units in each property include both Public Housing and Non-Public Housing units.

The Public Housing units will convert to Project Based Vouchers under the RAD Program. SHA has received a Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (CHAP) for these properties and anticipates a RAD conversion closings in 2019, 2020, and 2021.

EXISTING MIXED FINANCE PROPERTIES	TOTAL UNITS	RAD PROJECT BASED VOUCHERS	RAD CONVESION STRATEGY
Cedar Springs Place	44	19	Convert "as is" and Transfer of Assistance to Parkside at Drayton in 2019
Country Garden Estates	50	10	Refinancing; Closing in March 2020
Collins Park	100	24	Refinancing
The Ridge at Southport	78	54	Refinancing
Cottage Grove	8	8	Refinancing
Cammie Clagett Phase II	18	18	Transfer of Assistance to Northside Station
Victoria Gardens	80	80	9% LIHTC; Closing in June 2020

	Single Family Houses 15 Deminimis Disposition
	TOTAL 393 228 Cedar Springs Place—A transfer of assistance of 19 units was provided for a 4% tax credit property known as Parkside at Drayton.
	SHA will seek to develop through sale or development financial partnerships for the 130 acres of property at Page Lake.
	SHA will seek potential partnerships through Opportunity Zones and the SC Housing Finance and Development Authority Small Rental Development Program for development of land owned by the Agency.
	SHA intends to donate the Cammie Clagett office building to the City of Spartanburg in order to complete the transition of the property. The remaining units have been sold and have been demolished by the City of Spartanburg.
В.	Civil Rights Certification.
3	Form HUD-50077-CRT-SM, <i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations</i> , must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.
B. 4	Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit.
-	(a) Were there any findings in the most recent FY Audit?
	Y N ⊠ □
	Report on the progress the PHA has made in meeting the goals and objectives described in the previous 5-Year Plan
B. 5	Progress Report.
	1. HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.
	1. <u>Leverage:</u>
	 Acquire or build SHA may aquire new properties or build new units at Collins Park, Camp Croft, or other vacant land owned by the agency as it repositions its portfolio to RAD.
	 Improve the quality of assisted housing SHA contributed to an improved quality of life for our residents by purchasing appliances to include, ranges, refrigerators, PTAC units, and water heaters. Additionally, SHA has completed roof replacements at Camp Croft Courts and Prince Hall. Gas line replacements were completed at Camp Croft Courts and Victoria Gardens Apartments. Kitchen cabinets and fixtures were replaced at Camp Croft Courts. SHA will participate in the Duke Energy Multi-Family Energy Efficiency Program at all of its AMPS. Voucher Management (SEMAP Scores)

SHA shall continue to maintain sufficient points for a High Performing Designation in the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Section 8 HCV Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) through monthly monitoring and increased staff training. SHA will continue to administer the HCV program in a manner that results in points necessary for designation as a High Performer.

5. Customer Service

SHA will provide excellent customer service by continued staff development and training.

6. Outreach to landlords and homeownership programs

SHA has operated a voucher homeownership program now for a number of years. Since the beginning of our program, we have helped more than 3 families purchase homes through the voucher program.

The SHA will conduct owner outreach to ensure that owners are familiar with the program and its advantages. The SHA will actively recruit property owners with property located outside areas of poverty and minority concentration and develop a working relationship with the Real Estate Brokers Association.

SHA has a HUD approved Section 32 Homeownership Plan and intends to employ strategies which support the sale of the homes. The SHA will continue to develop homeownership opportunities. The SHA will seek to amend the approved Section 32 plan.

SHA has held owner interest meetings and participates in the United Way Housing Task Force. SHA staff attends the local Realtors Association meetings.

7. Asset Management:

- a. All of our Public Housing sites have site-based waiting lists.
- b. In November of 2016, SHA launched an electronic application portal allowing applicants the opportunity to apply on-line.
- c. SHA also launched an electronic payment system, WIPS via the Yardi system of record. All payments accepted must now be done via WIPS or Auto draft.
- d. The maintenance staff is managing work orders via smart phones. This technology has increased response time and efficiency.
- e. Beginning in CY2019 residents utilize the resident portal to turn in documentation needed for their recertifications. SHA will make accommodations for those residents unable to comfortably access this portal.

2. HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality

- 1. SHA is administering its Family Self-Sufficiency Program. We seek to increase the wage earning capacity of low income families within targeted communities and promote self-sufficiency.
- 2. During the past year the SHA administered ROSS grants promoting job training and employment opportunities to families residing in public housing through our Connections Program. The Connections Program designed to assist our households with increased education and job readiness programs. The grant will end on March 24, 2020. SHA will review to reapply for the grant in Fall 2020
- 3. During this past year the SHA has engaged in several partnerships adding to the quality of life of our residents and their children. Our partnership with Wofford College resulted in the a Homework Club at Victoria Gardens. This program focuses on engaging elementary students K-5th grade with homework assistance within their community. The SHA also partnered with Converse College for an intern to provide program activities at Archibald Rutledge for elderly

and disabled residents. Regenesis Health Care continues to have an onsite clinic to address primary care needs. The agency will provide more healthcare focused workshops to address the medical needs of the community. SHA in partnership with the United Way, First Steps, and Mary Black Foundation, utilized the Born Learning Program to parents and children in the Victoria Gardens communities. SHA is seeking to expand this program in 2020 and duplicate for Prince Hall Residence. SHA will continue to partner with agencies with employment focus such as SC Works, Upstate Fatherhood Coalition, and SNAP to work

4. Resident Services staff will continue to provide programs and activites in collaboration with community partners to increase the income levels of families currently residing in communities with a concentration of poverty. As well as working with agencies to help residents overcome the barriers of transportation, education, and child care.

5. Asset Management security improvements:

SHA continues its collaboration with the Spartanburg Police Department to provide patrol services to designated SHA communities. SHA continues to partner with community groups and Neighborhood Watch organizations.

6. <u>Designate developments or buildings</u>
SHA continues to provide housing to Seniors at JC Bull Apartments and Pake Lake Manor.

3. HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals

- 1. SHA will continue to promote self-sufficiency and asset development. Our Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) HCV and Public Housing FSS Programs will continue to be offered. Non-Public Housing FSS families are able to participate in employment readiness and educational opportunities and through the Connections Program, as grant funding permits.
- 2. The FSS program will continue to leverage community resources which support resident activities in the areas of education, health and job readiness. In addition, we will seek to apply for other grant programs that will assist our residents in becoming self-sufficent.
- 3. SHA has computer labs based in all Public Housing neighborhoods. The computer labs allow residents to complete school applications, search for employment, have access to the internet, and help children with homework when school is closed due to weather.

4. HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

SHA will adhere to all Fair Housing required regulations in its operations.

SHA will provide annual Fair Housing training to all staff members.

5. Other PHA Goals and Objectives: (list below)

- 1. SHA will seek to administer additional Department of Labor grants.
- 2. SHA will seek to leverage funds from the City of Spartanburg's NIP funds for the demolition of dilipated housing in our inventory.
- 3. SHA will conduct market studies in association with RAD transitions.

	4. SHA will provide information to the community through the RAD Community Committee meetings.
	5. SHA may consider training some of its existing staff as the properties transition and both funding and opportunity are available.
	6. SHA will temporarily relocate residents impacted by RAD during construction or demolition.
	7. SHA may reposition or reduce staff as a result of RAD transitions.
	8. SHA will work in partnership with Wofford College where students provide homeworks assistance in the Victoria Garden community. Students will work with children in grades K-5 th grade in afterschool homework club to provide children. SHA will continue to work in partnership with United Way to serve parents and caregivers of young children ages 0-3 in encouraging early learning through the Born Learning Initiative in which SHA has Born Learning Centers at Victoria Gardens. This initiative is used as a tool for long-lasting community change that will support parents and caregivers with age-appropriate manipulatives, activity kits and a lending library. SHA will continue to work with employer programs in the community referring families for opportunities.
	9. SHA will relocate the Central Office Call Center (COCC) in December 2020.
	10. SHA will seek to apply for Moving to Work opportunities as they relate to rent reform of the HCV and public housing programs.
	11. Both HCV and public housing will strive to be High Performing on SEMAP and PHAS.
B. 6	Resident Advisory Board (RAB) Comments.
	(a) Did the RAB(s) provide comments to the PHA Plan?
	(b) If yes, comments must be submitted by the PHA as an attachment to the PHA Plan. PHAs must also include a narrative describing their analysis of the RAB recommendations and the decisions made on these recommendations.
	Certification by State or Local Officials.
B. 7	Form HUD 50077-SL, Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.
B. 8	Troubled PHA. (a) Does the PHA have any current Memorandum of Agreement, Performance Improvement Plan, or Recovery Plan in place? Y N N/A □ ☑ □ (b) If yes, please describe:
C .	Statement of Capital Improvements . Required for all PHAs completing this form that administer public housing Asset Management and receive funding from the Capital Fund Program (CFP).

C.1	Capital Improvements.

B.3 Civil Rights Certification. Form HUD-50077-CRT-SM, PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.

Civil Rights Certification (Qualified PHAs)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing
OMB Approval No. 2577-0226
Expires 02/29/2016

Civil Rights Certification

Annual Certification and Board Resolution

Acting on behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PHA) listed below, as its Chairman or other authorized PHA official, I approve the submission of the 5-Year PHA Plan for the PHA of which this document is a part, and make the following certification and agreements with the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in connection with the submission of the public housing program of the agency and implementation thereof:

The PHA certifies that it will carry out the public housing program of the agency in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and will affirmatively further fair housing by examining their programs or proposed programs, identifying any impediments to fair housing choice within those program, addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available and working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement and by maintaining records reflecting these analyses and actions.

Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg	SC003					
PHA Name	PHA Number/HA Code					
	*					
I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or	n provided in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. Warning: HUD will civil penalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Name of Authorized Official	Title					
Matthew Myers	Board Chairman					
Signature /	Date June 23, 2020					

B.4	Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg Spartanburg, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg (the Authority) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Authority as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and Post-Employment Benefit Schedules on pages 4 – 10 and 44 – 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, and the Financial Data Schedules required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 7, 2020 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bethesda, Maryland August 7, 2020

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg (the Authority or SHA) offers the readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2019. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, identify changes in the Authority's financial position, and identify individual program issues or concerns. Readers should consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements to obtain a full understanding of its financial position. The major focus of this MD&A relates to the primary government and as such excludes those items that relate to the statements of the Discrete Component unit that are presented in a separate column of the upper level financial statements.

This management's discussion and analysis is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) to allow the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the Authority's annual operating results and financial position as of September 30, 2019.

Questions concerning the information provided in this discussion or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Authority's Executive Director.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$41,380,100 (net position) as compared to \$40,560,880 for the prior fiscal year.
- The Authority's cash and investments balance as of September 30, 2019 was \$7,557,494, representing a decrease of \$1,137,704 from the September 30, 2018 balance of \$8,695,198. The decrease was primarily a result of decreases in revenue and pay down of debt in the current year.
- The Authority had total operating revenues of \$19,634,464 and total operating expenses of \$19,354,977 for the year ended September 30, 2019.
- During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority recognized a decrease of \$2.1 million in unfunded liability related to providing post-employment health care benefits for retirees as a result of changes in the OPEB plan.
- As a result of participation in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), the Authority's unfunded pension liability also decreased \$711,549 from \$4,146,657 as of September 30, 2018 to \$3,435,104 as of September 30, 2019.

Overview of the Financial Reports

The following outline describes the integral parts of this financial presentation and is a guideline for understanding its components:

- I. Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Serves as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements
- II. Basic Financial Statements Authority-wide financial statements & notes to the financial statements
- III. Other Supplementary Information

The financial statements in this report are those of a special purpose governmental entity engaged in a business type activity. The following statements are included:

- Statement of Net Position presents information about the Authority's assets and liabilities and is similar to a balance sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equal "Net Position", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "current" (convertible to cash within one year), and "non-current." Increases or decreases in net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Net Position reports the Authority's revenues by source and type and its expenses by category to substantiate the change in net position for the fiscal year.
- Statement of Cash Flows discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and capital and related financing activities.

Our analysis of the Authority as a whole follows with the most important question, "Has the Authority's financial health improved or worsened as a result of the year's activities?" The following analysis of entity-wide net position, revenues, and expenses is provided to assist with answering the above question. This analysis includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual method of accounting, which recognizes revenue when earned and expenses when incurred regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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Analysis of Authority-wide Net Position (Statement of Net Position)

Spartanburg Housing Authority Comparative Statement of Net Position TABLE I

		2019		2018		Total Change	% Change
Current Assets	\$	8,239,897	\$	9,020,208	\$	(780,311)	-8.65%
Capital Assets		13,555,446		13,741,976		(186,530)	-1.36%
Other Noncurrent Assets		24,091,500		24,415,347		(323,847)	-1.33%
Deferred Outflow of Resources		890,275		1,802,284		(912,009)	-50.60%
Total Assets	\$	46,777,118	\$	48,979,815	\$	(2,202,697)	-4.50%
Current Liabilities	\$	632,857	\$	1,407,714	\$	(774,857)	-55.04%
Noncurrent Liabilities	Ψ	4,085,693	Ψ	6,831,748	Ψ	(2,746,055)	-40.20%
Deferred Inflows		678,468		179,473		498,995	278.03%
Total Liabilities		5,397,018		8,418,935		(3,021,917)	-35.89%
Investment in Capital Assets		12,988,548		13,378,194		(389,646)	-2.91%
Restricted		26,025,511		24,287,476		1,738,035	7.16%
Unrestricted, as restated		2,366,041		2,895,210		(529,169)	-18.28%
Total Net Position		41,380,100		40,560,880		819,220	2.02%
Total Liabilities & Net Position	\$	46,777,118	\$	48,979,815	\$	(2,202,697)	-4.50%

Total assets decreased by \$2,202,697 or 4.5%. This decrease was comprised primarily of a decrease in cash & investments of \$1,137,704, an increase in accounts receivable of \$339,431 and a reduction in capital assets of \$186,530 as discussed in Table 3 of this document. Deferred outflows were \$912,009 lower due to changes in balances as of September 30, 2019 for postemployment benefit items in relation to FY2018 levels.

Total liabilities decreased by \$3,021,917 or 35.89%. Current liabilities decreased by \$774,857 (or 55.04%) as primarily due to lower accounts payable-vendors and accounts payable – HUD offset by an increase in the accrued expenses and current portion of long-term debt. The major components that contributed to the \$2,746,055 decrease in noncurrent liabilities was the decrease in unfunded OPEB and pension liabilities.

Total Net Position increased by \$819,220 or 2.02%, which is outlined in detail on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

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<u>Analysis of Entity-Wide Revenue and Expenses (Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position)</u>

The following table illustrates changes in revenues and expenses from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

${\bf Spartanburg\ Housing\ Authority}$ Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position ${\bf TABLE\ II}$

	2019	2018	Total Change	% Change
Revenue				
Tenant Revenue	\$ 1,748,136 \$	1,859,969 \$	(111,833)	-6.01%
Operating Subsidies	17,228,610	17,757,518	(528,908)	-2.98%
Capital Grants	545,861	341,060	204,801	60.05%
Interest Income	19,027	5,620	13,407	238.56%
Other Income	657,718	1,188,639	(530,921)	-44.67%
Gain/ (Loss) on dispositions	 -	(343,778)	343,778	-100.00%
Total Revenue	 20,199,352	20,809,028	(609,676)	-2.93%
Expenses				
Administration	2,067,803	4,569,570	(2,501,767)	-54.75%
Tenant Services	141,518	89,037	52,481	58.94%
Utilities	943,762	1,029,967	(86,205)	-8.37%
Maintenance	1,817,679	1,999,652	(181,973)	-9.10%
Protective Services	16,228	13,016	3,212	24.68%
General	781,945	1,547,926	(765,981)	-49.48%
Housing Assistance Payments	12,592,424	12,496,245	96,179	0.77%
Depreciation	1,018,773	1,649,830	(631,057)	-38.25%
Total Expenses	 19,380,132	23,395,243	(4,015,111)	-17.16%
Net Position				
Change in Net Position	819,220	(2,586,215)	3,405,435	-131.68%
Prior Period Adjustment/Special Item	-	(1,926,539)	1,926,539	-100.00%
Beginning Net Position	 40,560,880	45,073,634	(4,512,754)	-10.01%
Ending Net Position	\$ 41,380,100 \$	40,560,880 \$	819,220	2.02%

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<u>Analysis of Entity-Wide Revenue and Expenses (Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position)</u>

During the year, total revenue decreased from \$20,809,028 to \$20,199,352 which represents a decrease of \$609,676, or 3%. This decrease was primarily a function of the decrease in revenue from operating subsidies \$528,908, as well as the decrease in other income of \$530,921. Revenue from tenant revenues were \$111,833 or 6.01% lower, revenue from capital grants were \$204,801 or 60.05% higher, and there is no loss on dispositions in FY19 compared to prior year.

Total expenses decreased by \$4,015,111 or 17.16% from FY 2018 to FY 2019. Administrative costs decreased by \$2,501,767 or 54.75%. This decrease was primarily a function of a reduction of \$361,192 in administrative salaries and a reduction of \$2,222,269 in employee benefits contributions. Resident services expenses increased from \$89,037 to \$141,518 or \$52,481 (58.94%) due primarily to \$57,782 of Summer Food Program expenses incurred in FY2019, which is a new program that had no expenses in FY2018. Utilities decreased \$86,205 or 8.37%. Maintenance and operations decreased by \$181,973 (9.1%) due primarily to lower employee benefit contributions on maintenance of \$27,327 and a reduction of \$232,077 in contract cost expenses, offsetting by an increase in labor cost of \$84,031. Protective services increased by \$3,212 or 24.68% partially due to no longer using residents for these services. Housing assistance payments were \$96,179 higher (0.77%) due to higher program utilization levels. Depreciation expense decreased by \$631,057, or 38.25%. General expenses were \$765,981 lower than last year (a 49.48% decrease) due to a decrease in other general expenses of \$325,611 and a decrease in bad debt expense from \$870,898 to \$50,840, or \$821,474 due to the unusually high level of write-offs recognized in FY2018.

In closing, the change in net position reflected in the financial statements of \$819,220 includes the non-cash items of depreciation of \$1,018,773, and the \$1,988,949 gain recognized due to favorable net OPEB expense. Exclusive of these items, which are largely beyond the agency's control, additional activities resulted in a \$150,946 decrease in net position for the year which was a function of a decrease in Housing Assistance payment equity of \$275,541 offset by \$124,885 of additional net income due to favorable operating experience.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2019

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Capital Assets

During FY 2019, the Authority had total capital asset additions of \$832,243 and depreciation expense of \$1,018,773.

Spartanburg Housing Authority Comparative Statement of Capital Assets TABLE III

	2019	2018	Total Change	% Change
Land	\$ 5,063,983 \$	5,063,983 \$	-	0.00%
Buildings & Improvements	33,613,631	33,517,415	62,375	0.19%
Equipment	1,677,312	1,501,696	209,457	14.27%
Construction in Progress	686,356	133,083	553,273	415.74%
-	41,041,282	40,216,177	825,105	2.05%
Accumulated Depreciation	 (27,485,836)	(26,474,201)	(1,011,635)	3.82%
Total Capital Assets	\$ 13,555,446 \$	13,741,976 \$	(186,530)	-1.36%
Reconciliation of Capital Assets				
Balance as of October 1, 2018	\$	13,741,976		
Additions		832,243		
Depreciation	_	(1,018,773)		
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$	13,555,446		

Debt Outstanding

As of the year-end, the Authority had outstanding debt of \$375,796, which was an increase of \$12,014 from last year's balance of \$363,782. There were no new note obligations during the year. Additional details regarding long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements accompanying this report.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2019

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Economic Factors

Several significant economic factors are present that may impact the Authority in the future.

- Congressional funding of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, including any subsidy proration.
- Local inflationary, recessionary and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income.
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies and other costs.
- Health care and other insurance costs are expected to increase dramatically over the next several years especially due to the Affordable Care Act.
- The Authority signed an operating lease in 2020 to relocate its Central Offices from the County into the Spartanburg city limits to be closer to its client base.
- During 2020, The Authority will be transitioning the 80-unit Victoria Gardens under HUD's Rental Assistance Demonstration program to reposition the property and allow for needed capital improvements.
- In response to the COVID-19 Pandemic, the Authority was awarded \$346,536 of additional Public Housing and \$263,846 of Housing Choice Voucher CARES funding which will assist SHA to cover the higher costs associated with adapting to telework and increased remote servicing of its clients.
- The Authority will be submitting and application to dispose of its Scattered Sites units that are becoming increasingly harder to manage.
- The Authority will continue to execute strategies related to the development and/or preservation of Affordable Housing units for the residents of Spartanburg County.

Financial Contact

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this Management's Discussion & Analysis should be addressed to:

Shaunte Evans, Chief Executive Officer Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg 2271 South Pine Street Spartanburg, South Carolina 29302 (864) 598-6102

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 3,160,375
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	4,397,119
Accounts receivables, net	490,057
Prepaid expenses	132,546
Assets held for sale	 59,800
Total current assets	 8,239,897
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, net	13,555,446
Notes receivable, less current portion	22,433,336
Investment in joint ventures	92,425
Other assets	 1,565,739
Total noncurrent assets	 37,646,946
Total assets	 45,886,843
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension plan	 890,275
TOTAL ASSETS AND	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 46,777,118

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 335,889
Accrued liabilities	64,900
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	26,394
Other current liabilities	56,132
Unearned revenue	13,127
Notes payable, current portion	5,134
Tenant security deposits	131,281
Total current liabilities	632,857
Noncurrent liabilities	
Notes payable, less current portion	370,662
Accrued compensated absences, less current portion	148,103
Trust deposits	77,878
Accrued pension/OPEB liabilities	3,489,050
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,085,693
Total liabilities	4,718,550
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension plan	678,468
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	12,988,548
Restricted	26,025,511
Unrestricted	2,366,041
Total net position	41,380,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	ф
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 46,777,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Operating Revenues		
Dwelling rent	\$	1,748,136
Government grants & subsidy		17,228,610
Other income	-	657,718
Total operating revenues		19,634,464
Operating Expenses		
Administration		2,067,803
Tenant services		141,518
Utilities		943,762
Maintenance & operations		1,817,679
Protective services		16,228
General expense		756,790
Housing assistance payments		12,592,424
Depreciation expense		1,018,773
Total operating expenses		19,354,977
Operating income		279,487
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest expense		(13,966)
Extraordinary maintenance		(11,189)
Interest income		19,027
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		(6,128)
Net income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, losses, and transfers		273,359
HUD capital grants		545,861
Change in net position		819,220
Net position, beginning of year		40,560,880
Net position, end of year	\$	41,380,100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,392,363
Governmental grants and subsidy - operations		17,228,610
Payments to suppliers		(6,228,010)
Payments to employees		(1,678,879)
Payments for housing assistance		(12,592,424)
Net cash flows provided/(used) by operating activities		(878,340)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Grant revenue - Capital Fund grants		545,861
Acquisition of capital assets - Capital Fund grants		(545,861)
Acquisition of capital assets - operations		(278,970)
Payment of debt obligations - net		(1,952)
Net cash flows provided/(used) by capital and related financing		
activities		(280,922)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Change in investment in joint ventures		2,531
Interest received, net		19,027
Net cash flows provided by investing activities	_	21,558
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(1,137,704)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		8,695,198
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year		
Restricted		4,397,119
Unrestricted		3,160,375
Total CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	7,557,494

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities Operating income \$ 279,487 Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation 1,018,773 Changes in operating assets and liabilities Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (339,431)Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses (17,962)Decrease (increase) in other assets 321,316 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (880,518)Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities (1,234,744)Increase (decrease) in security/trust deposits (153,129)Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue 4,624 123,244 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities

\$

(878,340)

Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

The financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg (the "Authority") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The more significant accounting policies of the Authority are described below.

Organization

The Authority is a public body and a body corporate and politic organized under the laws of the State of South Carolina for the purpose of providing adequate housing for qualified low-income individuals. The Authority is a separate non-profit corporation with a Board of Commissioners. The applicable jurisdictions appoint the Board of Commissioners. However, the Authority has complete legislative and administrative authority and it recruits and employs personnel. The Authority adopts a budget that is approved by the Board of Commissioners. Additionally, the Authority has entered into annual contribution contracts with the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") to be the administrator of the housing and housing related programs described herein. The Authority has substantial legal authority to control its affairs without local government approval; therefore, all operations of the Authority are a separate reporting entity as reflected in this report. The authority is responsible for its debts and is entitled to surpluses.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements include all accounts of all Authority operations and its blended component units. These statements do not include any City agencies, and the Authority is not a component unit of the City under the definitions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 62.

Financial Accountability - The Authority is responsible for its debts, does not impose a financial burden on Spartanburg and is entitled to all surpluses. No separate agency receives a financial benefit nor imposes a financial burden on the Authority.

Appointment of a Voting Majority - The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners and has governance responsibilities over all activities related to all housing activities within Spartanburg. The Board of Commissioners has decision making authority and the power to designate management. The members do not serve at the discretion of the City; i.e., they can be removed only for cause. The Authority's Board elects its own chairperson.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Imposition of Will -The City has no influence over the management, budget, or policies of the Authority. The Authority's Board of Commissioners has the responsibility to significantly influence the Authority's operations. This includes, but is not limited to, adoption of the budget, personnel management, sole title to, and residual interest in all assets (including facilities and properties), signing contracts, issuing bonds, and deciding which programs are to be provided.

The Authority operated the following programs under its Annual Contributions Contracts with HUD:

Low Rent Public Housing Program- The objective of this program is to provide decent safe and sanitary housing and related facilities for eligible low-income families and the elderly. The Authority currently operates 608 Public Housing units located in ten (10) communities throughout the City of Spartanburg.

Capital Fund Program - The objective of this program is to improve the physical condition of the Low-Income Public Housing units and upgrade the management of the program.

Housing Choice Voucher Program - This program provides rental assistance to help low-income families afford decent, safe and sanitary rental housing. The Authority provides rental assistance in the form of a Housing Assistance Payment to a landlord on behalf of the tenant. SHA currently has an allocation of 2,290 vouchers.

Mainstream – 5 *Voucher Program* - This program provides rental assistance to help low-income families afford decent, safe and sanitary rental housing. The Authority provides rental assistance in the form of a Housing Assistance Payment to a landlord on behalf of the tenant. SHA was awarded funding in February 2019 and has an allocation of 40 vouchers.

Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators - This program provides funding for the employment of Service Coordinators in insured and assisted apartment housing that is designed for the elderly and persons with disabilities.

YouthBuild Program - This program assisted low-income young people ages 16-24 work toward their GEDs or high school diplomas while learning job skills by building affordable housing for homeless and low-income people and participating in leadership development activities in their communities. Funding for this program ended in May 2019.

Resident Opportunities and Supportive Services (ROSS) - This program provides public housing residents with supportive services, resident empowerment activities, and assistance in becoming economically self-sufficient.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Summer Food Program - is a federally funded, state-administered program to assist in serving free, nutritious meals to program participants during the summer months.

Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Programs - The Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation programs are funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. These programs aid very low-income families in obtaining decent safe and sanitary housing by providing housing assistance payments to landlords on behalf of the tenant. SHA currently has an allocation of 226 vouchers.

Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation Programs - This program provides rental assistance in connection with the development of newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated privately owned rental housing financed with any type of construction or permanent financing, including the applicable FHA Multifamily Mortgage Insurance Programs.

Blended Component Unit - Spartanburg Leased Housing Corporation (SLHC) - This entity is a member in Cedar Springs Place. LLC, and its primary purpose is to acquire, construct, own, finance, lease and operate 48 elderly low-income housing tax credit units located in a building at 324 Cedar Springs Road, Spartanburg, SC. SLHC was created solely for the financial benefit and convenience of the Housing Authority. While the entity was dissolved by the State of South Carolina in 2016, it continues for Internal Revenue Service purposes only.

Spartanburg Area Housing Corporation – is an entity that was created with the primary purpose is to acquire, construct, own, finance, lease and operate communities that are owned and operated by the Authority. SAHC was created solely for the financial benefit and convenience of the Housing Authority and while it had limited activity during the audit period became the owner of record for Country Garden Estates 1 and 2 in March 2020 which previously were assets of the Spartanburg Housing Limited Partnership and SHA-2, Inc.

Board Information

The Board is made up of seven members (one vacancy in July 2020) with the following terms:

Matthew Myers, Chair	September 30, 2024
John Fairey, Vice-Chair	September 30, 2022
Andrew Poliakoff	September 30, 2020
Veronica Cunningham	September 30, 2025
Charles White	September 30, 2020
Keisha Gray	September 30, 2022

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus- The basic financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position, the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statements of cash flows for the proprietary fund) report information on all of the activities of the Authority.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Description of Funds- A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses. The funds maintained by the Authority allow compliance and financial accountability by separate functions and activities. All funds are presented in the financial statements as a single enterprise fund.

The Authority's operating activities are maintained in accordance with the principles of a single enterprise fund accounting to ensure the observance of limitations and restrictions on the resources available. GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, was issued to incorporate GASB and AICPA guidance into GASB authoritative literature. HACS has elected not to follow any FASB guidance not included in GASB 62.

HUD requires all Public Housing Agencies meeting certain criteria to account for financial activity by projects referred to as the asset management projects (AMPs) since fiscal year 2008. The Authority is required to report financial activity by AMPs as well as by fund through HUD's on-line reporting system to provide additional information to the reader of the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basis of accounting for the funds used by the Authority is determined by measurement focus. The flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are used to account for the Authority's funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statements of Net Position.

Net position in enterprise fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, granters, or laws and regulations of other governments. The Authority's restricted net position consists of escrows held for debt service, investment in joint ventures, program income, reserve accounts, and excess housing assistance payments.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in the financial statements and in the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgets

The Authority adopts budgets on the basis of accounting consistent with the basis of accounting for the fund to which the budget applies. The Authority prepares annual operating budgets that are formally adopted by its Governing Board of Commissioners. The budgets for programs funded by HUD form the basis of the Federal Financial Assistance received through HUD.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash – The Authority has amounts that it has designated as restricted cash according to various program specific requirements as detailed in Note 2. It is the policy of the Authority to include restricted cash equivalents with unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and regardless of the timing of the establishment and release of restrictions.

Investments are stated at fair market value, except for U.S. Treasury Bills, which are reported at amortized cost. The Authority reports all money market investments having a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less at amortized cost. Investment securities are normally held to mature at par value and adjustments are made to the investment portfolio to reflect increases/ (decreases) in gains made.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of payments due from HUD and related affiliates, rent payments from tenants and other miscellaneous receivables arising from the normal course of operations. A reserve for uncollectible accounts is established based on management's estimates. Collection losses on accounts receivable are expended, in the appropriate Fund, on the specific write-off method.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation. Donated capital assets are stated at their fair value on the date donated. This includes site acquisition and improvement, structures and equipment. All infrastructure assets are capitalized at the end of development activities and then dedicated to the County for maintenance and repairs. Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets used by proprietary funds is computed on the straight-line method and charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. Assets are capitalized if they have a useful life beyond one year and an original cost greater than \$5,000.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings & Improvements 20 years Furniture, fixtures, & equipment 5 years

Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets are recognized in the period received. Proceeds from the sale of property acquired or significantly improved with HUD or other grant funds are refunded to HUD or the applicable grantor as required by contract, or retained and used for special purposes as approved by HUD or the grantor.

Notes Receivable

A significant portion of notes receivables represents loans to related party Owner-Entities and developers for Development Projects. The Authority subordinated these loans in conjunction with financing arrangements related to the development of mixed-income, multi-family rental communities. Such loans are interest-bearing and are payable from cash flow from the property owned by each respective Project. Such loans are typically funded from various programs and Capital Fund grants, representing a significant portion of the construction costs associated with the Authority assisted component of the mixed-income rental property. Interest and principal on these loans are subordinated and are contingent on cash flow from the property; however, interest income is accrued as it occurs. Based on the status of the previous mixed-financing projects and the contingent nature of the payments, management elected to establish an allowance based on the expected amount the Authority intends to collect.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, i.e., sick leave, vacation, and other approved leaves. In accordance with GASB Statement No.16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the Authority accrues the liability for those absences that the employee has earned the rights to the benefits. Accrued amounts are based on the current salary rates. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Authority. Vacation and sick pay is recorded as an expense and related liability in the year earned by employees.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position

Net position is displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of net position consists of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position: This component of net position consists of restricted resources when constraints are placed on the resource by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc. This also includes investments in joint ventures.

Unrestricted Net Position: This component of net position consists of resources that do not meet the definition of "Net Investment in Capital Assets" or "Restricted Net Position."

Certain assets including cash and investments may be classified in restricted net position on the Statements of Net Position because their use is restricted for specific purposes. It is the Authority's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues relating to the Authority's operating activities include rental related income, interest income and other sources of revenues that are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned. Other major sources of revenues include the operating subsidy from HUD and other HUD funding for capital and operating expenses.

Operating Revenue

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for rents. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Operating Revenue (Continued)

Subsidies received from HUD or other grantor agencies, for operating purposes, are recorded as operating revenue in the operating statement while capital grant funds are added to the net position in the non-operating revenue and expense. Pursuant to the Annual Contributions Contract HUD contributes an operating subsidy approved in the operating budget. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the subsidy paid was \$2,414,652 for the Public Housing Operating Fund program.

Taxes

Under Federal, State and City laws, the Authority is exempt from income, property and excise taxes. Housing authorities are, however, required to make payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) in accordance with the provisions of agreements with local taxing authorities.

Insurance

The primary technique used for risk financing is the purchase of insurance policies from commercial insurers that include a large deductible amount. The use of a large deductible clause reduces the cost of insurance, but, should losses occur, the portion of the uninsured loss is not expected to be significant with respect to the financial position of the Authority. The Authority secures required insurance coverage through the competitive bid process. As of the date of the fieldwork, the Authority had the required coverage in force.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 with earlier application encouraged. This Statement is designed to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Upon implementation, the Authority will adopt the provisions of this Statement. As of the dates of this report, the effective date for this statement has been postponed by 18 months due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All the deposits of the Authority are either insured or collateralized by using the Dedicated Method whereby all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Authority's agents in these units' names. The Authority has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At September 30, 2019, the Authority's Primary Government cash and cash equivalents had a carrying amount of \$7,557,494 and bank balances of \$7,732,096. Of the bank balances held in various financial institutions, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the dedicated method.

Inherent rate risk – The Authority's formal investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate volatility.

Credit Risk – The Authority has no policy regarding credit risk.

Custodial credit risk – For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's policy is to limit credit risk by adherence to the list of HUD permitted investments, which are backed by the full faith and credit of or a guarantee of principal and interest by the U.S. Government.

Concentration of credit risk – The Authority placed no limit on the amount that it may invest in certificates of deposits. The Authority has no policy regarding credit risk.

Collateralization – In addition to the above-mentioned FDIC insurance, BB&T Bank participates in public funds of pooled securities for the Authority. As of September 30, 2019, there was \$9,260,346 of specified pledged security for the Authority.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents were comprised of the following as of September 30, 2019:

HCVP program - Housing Assistance Payment equity	\$ 179,486
Mainstream 5 program - Housing Assistance Payment equity	94,195
Security deposits	131,281
Restricted deposits - Moderate Rehabiliation program	107,553
Restricted deposits and funded reserves - JC Bull (New Construction)	1,950,058
Restricted deposits - Modernization	94,478
Restricted deposits - Public Housing Reserves	1,762,190
FSS participants escrow accounts	 77,878
	\$ 4,397,119

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Accounts receivable - tenants (net of allowance of \$5,343)	\$ 18,001
Accounts receivable - HUD	377,341
Fraud recovery (net of allowance of \$93,361)	-
Due from affiliate - (net of allowance of \$22,462)	38,216
Accounts receivable - CGE predevelopment costs	20,253
Accounts receivable - Workers comp refund	17,485
Accounts receivable – Section 8 portables	14,123
Accounts receivable – miscellaneous	4,638
	\$ 490,057

4. PREPAID EXPENSES & OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid charges and other assets at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Prepaid insurance expenses	\$ 132,546
Assets held for sale	59,800
	\$ 192,346

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance at			Transfers/			Balance at
	10/1/2018	_	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	_	9/30/2019
Enterprise Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land \$	5,063,983	\$	=	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,063,983
Construction in progress	133,083		553,273				686,356
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,197,066	_	553,273			_	5,750,339
Buildings & improvements	33,517,415		103,354	(7,138)	-		33,613,631
Furniture & equipment	1,501,696		175,616			_	1,677,312
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,019,111	_	278,970	(7,138)		_	35,290,943
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,474,201)			7,138	(1,018,773)	_	(27,485,836)
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,544,910			-		_	7,805,107
Enterprise activity capital assets, net \$	13,741,976	ı				\$	13,555,446

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes Receivable at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Notes	Accrued	Accrued Total		Allowance for	Net
Entity/Partnership	Receivable	Interest]	Receivable	Doubtful Accts	Receivable
Spartanburg Housing, LP	\$ 1,000,000	\$1,047,541	\$	2,047,541	\$ (1,047,541)	\$ 1,000,000
Spartanburg Housing 2, LP	335,000	-		335,000	-	335,000
CS1, LLC	10,697,421	58,553		10,755,974	(58,553)	10,697,421
HC1, LLC	780,000	860,946		1,640,946	(860,946)	780,000
SHA 7	8,244,574	1,096,770		9,341,344	(1,096,770)	8,244,574
Highland Avenue LLC	350,000	24,614		374,614	(24,614)	350,000
Cedar Springs Place, LLC	914,375	354,379		1,268,754	(354,379)	914,375
Homeowners Notes Receivable	738,371	_		738,371	(626,405)	111,966
Total notes receivable	\$23,059,741	\$3,442,803	\$	26,502,544	\$ (4,069,208)	\$22,433,336

<u>Notes Receivable - Spartanburg Housing Limited Partnership</u>, (affiliate) consists of the following loans made to the Partnership, a related party, by the Authority for the development of the project:

Second mortgage note ("Hope VI Loan") in the amount of \$800,000. The note bears interest at the Applicable Federal Rate (AFR) applicable to long-term loans with annual compounding for December 2001, which equals 5.05 percent. The interest rate will remain stable throughout the life

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE (continued)

of the note. The loan is secured by an investment in real property. The principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest will be payable only from net available cash flow, net proceeds, or condemnation proceeds, as defined. The note matures on November 30, 2031. The balance of the note as of September 30, 2019, was \$800,000 and accrued interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$842,844. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$842,844 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

Third mortgage note ("CFP Loan") in the amount of \$200,000. The note bears interest at the Applicable Federal Rate (AFR) applicable to long-term loans with annual compounding for December 2001, which equals 5.05 percent. The interest rate will remain stable throughout the life of the loan. The note is secured by an investment in real property. The principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest will be payable only from net available cash flow, net proceeds or condemnation proceeds, as defined. The note matures on November 30, 2031. The balance of the note as of September 30, 2019, was \$200,000. Accrued interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$205,297. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$205,297 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

Notes Receivable - SHA 2 ('''Stabilization Reserve') - the Authority has a note receivable from SHA2, LP for the stabilization reserve in the amount of \$335,000. The loan is non-interest bearing and payable from available cash flow beginning in 2021. The note has a final maturity of September 30, 2053 at which time all principal and other outstanding sums shall be due and payable in full. As of September 30, 2019, the balance is \$335,000.

<u>Notes Receivable- CS1, LLC</u>, affiliate consists of the following loans made to the Partnership, a related party, by the Authority for the development of the project:

CS1, LLC, has a permanent loan from the Housing Authority. The loan bears interest at a rate equal to the Bond Market Association Index (BMA) plus 198 basis points and is guaranteed by the Managing Member and its affiliate. This loan was used to fund construction of the Project. On March 9, 2011, this loan converted to a permanent loan under the same terms, after a principal pay down of \$635,021. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. This loan is secured by all property, security agreements and assignments of rents and matures in 2040.

The balance of the loan as of September 30, 2019, was \$3,445,000. This loan is a conduit obligation in which proceeds will be used to repay the Spartanburg Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 and therefore it is not included in the financial statements of the Authority.

Cedar Springs 1, LLC, has 42-year non-recourse Hope VI loan from the Housing Authority. The loan does not bear interest and is subordinate to the bond loan. This loan was used to fund the construction of the Project. No payments are due until maturity. All principal is due on March 14, 2049. The loan is secured by the property. The balance of the loan as of September 30, 2019 was \$7,768,309.

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE (continued)

Cedar Springs 1, LLC, has a 42-year non-recourse program income fund loan from the Housing Authority. The loan does not bear interest and is subordinate to the bond loan. This loan was used to fund the construction of the Project. No payments are due until maturity. All principal is due on February 28, 2049. The loan is secured by the property. The balance of the loan as of September 30, 2019 was \$2,308,443.

Cedar Springs 1, LLC, has a 42-year non-recourse state loan from the Housing Authority. The loan bears interest at 5.23% and is subordinate to the bond loan. This loan was used to fund construction costs. No payments are due until maturity. All principal is due on March 13, 2049. The loan is secured by the property. The balance of the loan as of September 30, 2019 was \$620,669. Accrued interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$58,553. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$58,553 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

<u>Notes Receivable- HC 1, LLC</u>, affiliate consists of the following loans made to the Partnership, a related party, by the Authority for the development of the project:

HC1, LLC ("SHA Loan") - The Partnership and the Authority entered into a non-recourse construction and permanent loan in the amount of \$300,000. The note bears interest at 8.0% and is secured by an investment in real property. The principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest will be payable from available cash flows after the repayment of the senior mortgage loans, junior mortgage loans, and all reserves required by the partnership agreement have been fully funded. The note matures in July 2037. The balance of the note as of September 30, 2019 was \$300,000. Noncurrent interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$320,215. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$320,215 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

HC1, LLC ("SHA Acquisition Loan") - The Partnership has a non-recourse construction and permanent loan entered into by the Partnership and the Authority in the amount of \$480,000. The note bears interest at 8.0% and is secured by an investment in real property. The principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest will be payable from available cash flows after the repayment of the senior mortgage loans, junior mortgage loans, and all reserves required by the partnership agreement have been fully funded. The note matures in July 2037. The balance of the note as of September 30, 2019 was \$480,000. Noncurrent interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$540,731. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$540,731 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE (continued)

<u>Notes Receivable</u> – SHA 7, LLC, affiliate consists of the following loans made to the properties that transitioned to stand alone entities under the Rental Assistance Demonstration, a related party, by the Authority for the redevelopment of seven properties that were formerly ACC units under the Low Income Public Housing Program:

SHA 7, LLC ("Carryback Loan") - The Authority issued a \$7,244,574 note to assist in the acquisition funding of the RAD properties during January 2016. The note accrues interest at 2.65% and matures in January 2059 and interest payment are repayable from cash flow only. As of September 30, 2019, the outstanding balance was \$7,244,578. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$775,959 representing accrued interest on the loan has been recorded as of September 30, 2019 and all amounts are considered non-current.

SHA 7, LLC ("Reserve Loan") - The Authority issued a \$1,000,0000 note which represented cash loans to SHA7 to provide replacement reserves for these developments. The note accrues interest at 7.8% and matures in January 2059 and interest payment are repayable from cash flow only. As of September 30, 2019, the outstanding balance was \$1,000,000. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$320,811 representing accrued interest on the loan has been recorded as of September 30, 2019 and all amounts are considered non-current.

<u>Highland Avenue</u>, <u>LLC</u> - The Partnership and the Authority entered into a non-recourse construction and permanent loan in the amount of \$350,000. The note bears interest at the applicable federal rate (AFR) (1.9% at September 30, 2019) and is secured by an investment in real property. The principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest will be payable from available cash flows after the repayment of the senior mortgage loans, junior mortgage loans, and all reserves required by the partnership agreement have been fully funded.

The note matures in April, 2050. The balance of the note as of September 30, 2019 was \$350,000. Noncurrent interest receivable as of September 30, 2019 was \$24,614. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$24,614 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

6. NOTES RECEIVABLE (continued)

<u>Notes Receivable - Cedar Springs Place, LLC</u>, affiliate consists of the following loans made to the Partnership, a related party, by the Authority for the development of the project:

Cedar Springs Place, LLC entered into a fourth mortgage loan payable with the Authority on October 12, 2007 in the original amount of \$414,375. The note bears interest at the greatest of (a) 4.77% per annum or (b) an annual interest rate equal to the applicable Federal long-term rate (AFR) as defined in Section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The note shall be repaid in a single payment including all unpaid principal and accrued interest with net available cash flow and at the end of the first mortgage on the property. The mortgage is collateralized by a fourth mortgage on the property. As of September 30, 2019, the loan balance was \$414,375 and accrued interest totaled \$203,915. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$203,915 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

Cedar Springs Place, LLC entered into a fifth mortgage loan payable with Spartanburg Leased Housing Corporation (a blended component unit of the Authority) on March 28, 2007 in the original amount of \$300,000. The note bears interest at the greater of (a) 4.7% per annum or (b) an annual interest rate equal to the applicable Federal long-term rate (AFR) as defined in Section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The note shall be repaid in a single payment including all unpaid principal and accrued interest on the 30th anniversary of disbursement of the proceeds of the loan. The mortgage is collateralized by a fifth mortgage on the property. As of September 30, 2019, the loan balance was \$300,000 and accrued interest totaled \$150,464. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$150,464 has been recognized to fully reserve all accrued interest as of September 30, 2019.

Pursuant to the Operating Agreement, Cedar Springs Place, LLC was advanced \$200,000 for additional funds to be repaid from surplus cash. This amount has been treated as a notes receivable but is non-interest bearing.

Notes Receivable- Homebuyers- the Authority has issued primary loans to assist qualified residents in the purchase of homes. The Authority entered into a \$1,000,000 Loan Agreement with BB&T Bank to finance these primary loans. Mortgage loans held by the Authority are collateralized by single-family residences. As of September 30, 2019, the outstanding mortgage balances was \$738,371. An allowance for doubtful accounts of \$626,405 has been recorded as of September 30, 2019. All amounts are considered non-current.

7. OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS

Other noncurrent assets consisted of the following as of September 30, 2019:

Description	Am	ount
Developer fees receivable - tax credit properties	\$	2,212,135
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(646,396)
Other assets		92,425
	\$	1,658,164

The Tax Credit Properties included in the above are the CS1, LLC, HS1, LLC, SHA 7, LLC, Spartanburg Housing, LP and the Spartanburg Housing 2, LP.

8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and current liabilities as September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Vendors and contractors payable	\$ 228,336
Accrued wages/payroll taxes payable	64,900
Accrued compensated absences – current	26,394
Account payable - HUD	107,553
Unearned revenue – prepaid rents	13,127
Long-term debt – current portion	5,134
Security deposits	131,281
Accrued liabilites/utilities payable	56,132
	\$ 632,857

9. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Non-current liabilities at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Balance at October 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance at September 30, 2019	Current Portion of Balance
Long-term debt	\$ 363,782 \$	16,243	\$ (4,229) \$	375,796 \$	\$ 5,134
Unfunded pension	4,146,657	-	(711,553)	3,435,104	-
Unfunded OPEB liability	2,057,218	-	(2,003,272)	53,946	-
Compensated absences	152,076	22,421	-	174,497	26,394
FSS escrow accounts	162,244	60,105	(137,314)	85,035	7,157
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,881,977 \$	98,769	\$ (2,856,368) \$	4,124,378 \$	\$ 38,685

10. LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Long term debt obligations as of September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

In May of 2014, the Authority obtained a \$110,154 loan from Branch Banking and Trust Company to fund the development of three duplexes (six low income rental units). The loan is secured by the land and buildings. Interest is charged at the One Month LIBOR Rate, and monthly payments are \$747. During the year, the loan was refinanced and extended and now matures May 21, 2026. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2019 was \$80,254.

Five-year maturities are as follows:

	<u>P</u> :	Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>		ayments
2020	\$	5,134	\$	3,824	\$	8,958
2021		5,394		3,564		8,958
2022		5,667		3,291		8,958
2023		5,954		3,004		8,958
2024		6,255		2,703		8,958
thereafter	51,851			3,623		55,474
	\$	80,254	\$	20,010	\$	100,264

During fiscal year 2009, the Authority obtained a \$295,542 loan from the South Carolina State Housing Finance and Development Authority to fund the development of three duplexes (six low income rental units). The loan is secured by the land and buildings. The loan bears no interest and is forgivable. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2019 was \$295,542, with all amounts considered non-current. Interest charges expensed on all debts during the year totaled \$9,306 for the fiscal year.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Authority is a participant in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, joining the plan effective October 1, 2015. The plan was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions. Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a class two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership after July 1, 2012, is a class three member. SCRS is administered by the South Carolina Public Benefit Authority (PEBA).

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and the employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for the SCRS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plan, the board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period;, and, this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer contribution rates were 14.41% of member's compensation and .15% of member's compensation for incidental death benefits. Total employer expense for the year ending June 30, 2018 were \$1,060,038.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the System's Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publically available through the Retirement Benefits link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC, 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial statement information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Assumptions involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The next experience study is scheduled to be conducted after the June 30, 2019 annual valuation is complete.

The total pension liability for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation, which was conducted using membership data as of July 1, 2018, projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information as of June 30, 2019, using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in this measurement:

Valuation Date
Experience Study
Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method
Amortization Period
July 1, 2018
Entry Age Normal
Level Percent of Pay
30 years, open

Asset Valuation Method 20% Difference Recognition

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increase 3.50% plus step-rate increases for

members with less than 25 years of

service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

The rates of mortality for the period after service retirement are according to the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2016 PRCS). The multipliers used in the table are adjusted according to plan experience.

The long-term expected rate on return of pension plan investments is based upon the thirty year capital market outlook at the end of the fourth quarter of 2013. The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economics forecasts. The most recent experience study is outlined in the report and dated July 1, 2018. The expected returns, along with expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted for fiscal year 2019. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the Systems fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term, expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Pension Expense include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

The Schedule does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and projected and actual experience are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Sensitivity Analysis

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate, the below table presents the Net Pension Liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.25%) or 1.00% higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount	1.0% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
SHA's Net Pension Liability	\$4,327,512	\$3,435,104	\$2,690,338

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Employee, employer, and state-appropriated contributions are recognized in the period in which they are due, pursuant to formal commitments as well as statutory requirements. Substantially all contributions receivable are collected within thirty days of year end.

Basis of Accounting

All funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Schedules in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. PEBA accrues employer contributions using estimates based on historical data. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Pension Liability

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with their participation in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS). Statement 68 became effective June 30, 2015 and includes requirements to record and report their proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of resources associated with pensions.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/18	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/19	Percent of Collective NPL
Employer Proportionate Share	\$4,146,653	\$3,435,104	0.015044%

At June 30, 2019, the employer recorded a liability of \$3,435,104 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. This liability was based upon a measurement date of June 30, 2018 and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The employer's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the employer's contributions received by SCRS during the measurement period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of SCRS' participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the employer's proportion was 0.015044%.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods: There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in proportionate share: There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective Net Pension Liability and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows

For fiscal year 2019, the employer reported its proportionate share of SCRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SCRS from the following sources:

	<u>r</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>D</u>	eferred
	<u>Ou</u>	<u>itflows of</u>	<u>In</u>	flows of
	<u>R</u>	esources	<u>Re</u>	esources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	2,361	\$	24,677
Changes in assumptions		69,222		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments		107,675		77,265
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		454,313		562,203
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date		256,704		-
Total	\$	890,275	\$	664,145

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employers' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

	Recognition of Existing
For the Year Ended	Deferred Outflow (Inflow)
June 30:	of Resources, Net
2019	\$307,057
2020	\$(164,055)
2021	\$(178.534)
2022	\$4,958

In addition to the above plan, the Authority provides pension benefits for employees that did not elect to participate in the state plan through a defined contribution plan. The plan is administered by Mutual of America. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Authority contributes 5% of the employees' covered salaries, while the employees are not required to contribute to the plan. During fiscal year 2019, the Authority made the required contributions in the amount of \$26,476 based upon total payroll wage coverage of \$529,522.

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

As part of the conversion to GASB 75, The Authority has an actuarial study performed to determine the liability associated with employer- provided retiree health care benefits through the South Carolina Employee Benefit Authority Plans. With the adoption of this pronouncement, the Authority recognized a liability of \$2,057,218 as of September 30, 2018. During the current fiscal year, the Authority adopted a key change to the plan which amended employee cost sharing such that retirees pay 100% of the premiums effective April 1, 2019. This reduced the outstanding liability as of September 30, 2019 to \$53,946 which resulted in a \$2.1 million decrease that was recognized immediately.

Several key drivers of plan costs and liabilities are:

- Premiums for Post 65 (Medicare integrated) plans represent 90.35% of the total plan liabilities Age at which plan participants retire
- Percentage of plan participants who elect coverage for themselves and/or a spouse
- Medical care cost inflation rate We currently assume medical costs increase at 5.00% per year for non-Medicare integrated plans and 4.50% per year for Medicare integrated plans.
- Discount Rate (3.75%) Higher discount rates yield lower liabilities and vice versa
- Cost Sharing

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Discount Rate Determinants

Valuation Date

- Employer Current and Future Benefit Payments
- Municipal Bond Rate The municipal bond rate was 3.58% as of September 30, 2019.
- Current Asset Level The Authority had \$0 of assets as of September 30, 2019.

Key Metrics

Additional Required Supplementary Information included on pages 47-48.

For the Measurement Period ending on the Measurement Date of:	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
For the Reporting Period & Fiscal Year ending on:	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
I. Total OPEB Liability		
A. Actives	11,359	1,016,456
B. Retirees/Disabled	<u>42,587</u>	<u>1,040,762</u>
C. Total	53,946	2,057,218
II. Fiduciary Net Position [Plan Assets]	0	0
III. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) [I II.]	53,946	2,057,218
IV. Funded Ratio [II. / I.]	0.00%	0.00%
V. Number of Eligible Participants		
A. Actives	26	26
B. Retirees/Disabled & Dependents	9	9
C. Total	35	35
VI. Service Cost	1,362	113,067
VII. Financial Statement Expense	(1,978,054)	188,478
VIII. Employer Contribution to the OPEB Trust	0	0
IX. Deferred Inflow of Resources	(14,323)	0
X. Deferred Outflow of Resources	0	0
XI. Money Weighted Rate of Return	N/A	N/A
XII. 20-year Municipal Bond Rate (SAPIHG)	3.58%	3.64%
XIII. Expected Long Term Rate of Return (Net of Expense)	N/A	N/A
XIV. Crossover Year	Immediate	Immediate
XV. Discount Rate	3.75%	3.75%

October 1, 2017

October 1, 2017

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Valuation Date For the Measurement Period ending on the Measurement Date of:	October 1, 2017 September 30, 2019
For the Reporting Period & Fiscal Year ending on:	September 30, 2019
Source of Deferred Inflow/Outflow	
I. Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow from Actual vs. Expected Experience	
II. Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow from Investment Experience	
III. Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow from Changes in Assumptions	(14,32
Change in Deferred Inflow/Outflow	
I. Deferred Outflow at the beginning of the period	
II. Deferred Outflow created during the period	
III. Deferred Outflow recognized during the period	
IV. Change in Deferred Outflow (II III.)	
V. Deferred Outflow at end of the period (I. + IV.)	
VI. Deferred Inflow at the beginning of the period	
VII. Deferred Inflow created during the period	(2,070,73
VIII. Deferred Inflow recognized during the period	(2,056,41
IX. Change in Deferred Inflow (VII VIII.)	(14,32
X. Deferred Inflow at end of the period (VI. + IX.)	(14,32
Net OPEB Liability	
I. Net OPEB Liability at beginning of period	2,057,21
II. Service Cost	1,36
III. Interest on Total OPEB Liability, Service Cost, and Payments	76,99
IV. Projected Investment Income	
V. Total Employer Contributions	(10,89
VI. Expense Related to Change in Benefit Terms	•
VII. Net OPEB Expense - Before Recognition of Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow (II. + III. + IV. + V. + VI.)	67,46
VIII. Deferred Outflow created during the period	
IX. Deferred Inflow created during the period	(2,070,73
X. Net OPEB Liability at end of period (I. + VII. + VIII. + IX.)	53,94
Net OPEB Expense	•
I. Service Cost	1,36
II. Interest on Total OPEB Liability, Service Cost, and Payments	76,99
III. Projected Investment Income	.,,
IV. Recognition of Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow	(2,056,41
V. Expense Related to Change in Benefit Terms	(,,,,
VI. Financial Statement Expense (I. + II. + III. + IV. + V.)	(1,978,05
VII. Benefit Payments	(10,8)
VIII. Contributions to Trust	(4,1
IX. Total Employer Payments (VII. + VIII.)	(10,89
X. Total Net OPEB Expense under GASB 75 (VI. + IX.)	(1,988,94

The OPEB liability is based on the current discount rate of 3.75%. Changes in that value yield the following changes in the total OPEB liability and related service cost:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase
I. Total OPEB Liability	\$	58,104	\$	53,946	\$	50,965
II. Fiduciary Net Position		-		-		-
III. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) [III.]		58,104		53,946		50,965
IV. Service Cost		1,630		1,362		1,142

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The OPEB valuation was conducted by Odyssey Advisors and was issued on October 29, 2019. Additional details regarding this report can be obtained by contacting Joe C. Calicdan, Finance Manager, Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg, 2271 South Pine Street, Spartanburg, SC 29203 or by email at jealicdan@shasc.org.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In March of 2007, the Authority issued \$13,900,000 of Multi-Family Tax Exempt Bonds to finance a portion of the construction and rehabilitation of the Spartanburg Southside Project, consisting of four low income housing rental unit projects located in the Spartanburg area, and owned by CS1, LLC, and an affiliated limited liability company. Other financing sources of the Southside Project mixed financing arrangement consisted primarily of CSI, LLC tax credit equity, state and local grants, and HOPE VI funds. Upon issuance, the \$13,900,000 bond funds were loaned to CS1, LLC, and secured by the Southside Project property.

According to the loan agreement, \$10,295,000 has been repaid from Investor Member contributions and a balance exists on the Bonds of \$3,445,000. Neither the notes receivable from CS1, LLC or the Bonds payable is recorded on the Housing Authority books. This is considered to be a conduit debt obligation. The mortgage note receivable is explained in Note 6 to the financial statements.

As stated in Note 6, Notes Receivable, and Note 7, Other Noncurrent Assets, there exist amounts invested in and loaned to affiliated tax credit properties. The transactions have been stated in these notes to the financial statements and are not restated in the note for related parties. Additionally, that has been surplus cash funds in the amount of \$246,416 received during the year from excess cash from certain tax credit properties. Each of the tax credit properties are managed by private management companies and not the Housing Authority.

14. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The PHA Owned Housing Program is economically dependent on annual contributions and grants from HUD. The program operates at a loss prior to receiving the contributions and grants.

15. COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Claims & liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The Authority utilizes insurance to mitigate this risk and \$48,934 of casualty losses were expensed and \$37,645 of insurance proceeds received during the audit period.

Legal

The Authority was named in a class action lawsuit related to the existence of bed bugs in one of the properties. The status of the claim is such that no outcome is determinable at this time. Management believes the potential adverse impact of this claim would not be material to the financial statements of the Authority.

Grants and Contracts

The Authority participates in various federally-assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional based upon compliance with terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal audit may become a liability of the Authority. There were no such liabilities recorded as of September 30, 2019.

Operating Leases

During November 2015, SHA entered into an operating lease agreement for its central office effective January 1, 2016. Future minimum lease payments under the operating lease are as follows:

2020	\$ 142,673
2021	 35,688
	\$ 178,361

Property Taxes

In addition to the above, the Authority is responsible for property taxes to be reimbursed to the landlord in December each year.

16. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position (equity) as of September 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

HCVP program - housing assistance payment equity	\$ 179,486
Maionstream 5 program - housing assistance payment equity	94,195
Funds restricted for development (Public Housing)	1,368,436
Restricted deposits and funded reserves - JC Bull (New Construction)	1,950,058
Long-term Notes Receivable	22,433,336
	\$ 26,025,511

17. INTER-PROGRAM ELIMINATIONS

The following amounts have been eliminated in the preparation of the financial statements:

Inter-program Notes Receivable	\$ 190,541
Interfund Due to/from	41,664
Statement of Net Position Totals	\$ 232,205
Management fees	\$ 707,704
Bookkeeping fees	256,653
Statement of Revenue, Expense and Changes in Net Position Totals	\$ 964,357

18. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The supplementary information has been included in order to show the financial statements of the Housing Authority on the GAAP basis of accounting but in the format of the HUD Financial Data Schedule and/or the HUD Handbook 7476.3 Audit Guide. This is due to the fact that some supplementary information is reviewed by the field office and provides greater detail concerning the operations of the Authority.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Coronavirus Pandemic- In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in Wuhan, China and has since spread to other countries, including the U.S. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In addition, multiple jurisdictions in the U.S. have declared a state of emergency. It is anticipated that these impacts will continue for some time. While the Authority's operation has experienced closures of its offices to the general public, the immediate financial impact to the Authority's operations has been minimized with the award of supplemental CARES Act operating funding in the amounts of \$346,536 for its Low-income Public Housing Program and

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued):

\$263,846 for its Housing Choice Voucher Program. Future potential impacts may include disruptions or restrictions on our employees' ability to work or the tenants ability to pay the required monthly rent. Operating functions that may be changed include intake, recertifications and maintenance. Changes to the operating environment may increase operating costs.

Additional impacts may include the ability of tenants to continue making rental payments as a result of job loss or other pandemic related issues. The future effects of these issues are unknown.

In March 2020, the Housing Authority through its non-profit affiliate, the Spartanburg Area Housing Corporation ("SAHC") exercised the right of first refusal to purchase Country Garden Estates I and II, to buy out the interests of the Spartanburg Leased Housing Limited Partnership and SHA-2, Inc that were properties that were developed using Low Income Housing Tax Credits. This action resulted an increase of 100 units of Affordable units under the control of the Authority.

Management for the primary government has evaluated subsequent events after September 30, 2019, and through August 7, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and no events were identified that would require recognition or disclosure within these financial statements except for the item noted above.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY September 30, 2019

	South Carolina Retirement System				Police Officers Retirement System				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.015044%	0.018284%	0.017732%	0.013270%	0.000000%	0.001758%	0.002610%	0.001940%	
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,370,818	\$4,096,837	3,991,758	2,419,430	\$ -	\$ 49,816	\$ 71,557	\$ 49,106	
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$1,606,229	\$1,811,077	\$1,824,268	\$1,133,744	\$ -	\$ 22,728	\$ 35,179	\$ 25,424	
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	209.9%	226.2%	218.8%	213.4%	N/A	219.2%	203.4%	193.1%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.4%	54.1%	53.3%	52.9%	N/A	61.7%	60.9%	60.4%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available as the Authority did not join the plans until October 1, 2015.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY September 30, 2019

South Carolina Retirement System Police Officers Retirement System 2019 2018 2016 2019 2017 2018 2017 2016 Contractually required contribution \$ 231,297 \$ 245,582 \$ 206,819 \$ 121,311 \$ \$ 3,691 \$ 5,010 \$ 3,392 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution \$ 231,297 \$ 245,582 \$ 206,819 \$ 121,311 \$ \$ 3,691 \$ 5,010 \$ 3,392 \$ Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ Authority's covered-employee payroll \$1,606,229 \$1,811,077 \$1,824,268 \$1,133,744 \$22,728 \$35,179 \$25,424 Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll 14.4% 13.6% 11.3% 10.7% N/A 16.2% 14.2% 13.3%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available as the Authority did not join the plans until October 1, 2015.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG Spartanburg, South Carolina

EXHIBIT B

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(As of the September 30, 2019 Measurement Date)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date: Actuarially Determined Contribution was calculated as of

October 1, 2017.

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset-Valuation Method: Market Value of Assets as of the Measurement Date,

September 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return: N/A.

Municipal Bond Rate 3.58% as of September 30, 2019 (source: S&P

Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index – SAPIHG)

Single Equivalent Discount Rate: 3.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Inflation: 2.75% as of September 30, 2019 and for future periods

Salary Increases: 3.00% annually as of September 30, 2018 and for future

periods

Cost of Living Adjustment: Not Applicable

Pre-Retirement Mortality: RP-2014 Employees Mortality Table adjusted to 2006

and projected generationally with scale MP-2018

Post-Retirement Mortality: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table adjusted to 2006

and projected generationally with scale MP-2018

Disabled Mortality: RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected

generationally with Scale BB and a base year 2012 for

males and females

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG Spartanburg, South Carolina

EXHIBIT B

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(As of the September 30, 2019 Measurement Date)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued):

Plan Membership

At October 1, 2017, OPEB plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:	9
Active Employees:	_26_
Total:	35

Events Subsequent to the Measurement Date

Subsequent to the Measurement Date the Authority amended retiree cost sharing such that retirees pay 100% of premiums effective April 1, 2019. Had this change been reflected, the Net OPEB Liability would have been reduced by approximately \$1.75 million. This plan design change will be reflected in the valuation for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 and will immediately be recognized in the OPEB Expense.

Changes in Assumptions: From September 30, 2018 to September 30, 2019

✓ N/A Contributions:

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended through Authority ordinances. The Authority contributed \$0 beyond the pay-as-you-go cost for the period ending on the September 30, 2018 Measurement Date. For the year ending on the September 30, 2019 Measurement Date total Authority premiums plus implicit costs for the retiree medical program were \$10,895. of the \$10,895 THE entire amount represents implicit cost.

September	30, 2019	

	Low-Rent Public Housing 14.850	Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	Business Activities	Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators 14.191
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash:				
Cash - Unrestricted	1,885,376	103,666	9,056	-
Cash - Restricted- Modernization and Development	94,478.00	-	-	-
Cash - Other Restricted	1,762,190	257,364	-	-
Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	92,575	-	15,801	-
Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities Total Cash		-	-	
Total Cash	3,834,619	361,030	24,857	-
Accounts and notes receivables:				
Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	14,123	-	-
Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	335,003	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable- Other Government	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	-	5	60,678	-
Accounts Receivable - Tenants	12,742	-	86	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(919)	-	-	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-	-	(22,462)	-
Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	-	-	-	-
Fraud Recovery	-	93,361	-	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-	(93,361)	-	-
Accrued Interest Receivable		-	-	
Total Receivables, Net	346,826	14,128	38,302	-
Other Current Assets:				
Investments - Unrestricted	_			
Investments - Restricted	_	-	-	-
Investments- Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	_	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	6,741	-	12,819.00	_
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	_	-	-	-
Inter Program Due From	-	-	-	-
Assets Held for Sale		-	59,800	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,188,186	375,158	135,778	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	2,534,474		2,120,891	
Buildings	26,497,166	-	3,808,556	-
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	155,409		3,808,330	_
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	479,493	133,977	47,211	
Accumulated Depreciation	(21,325,200)	(133,977)	(2,211,151)	-
Construction in Progress	686,356	(133,577)	(2,211,131)	-
Infrastructure	-	-	-	_
Total Capital Assets, Net	9,027,698	-	3,765,507	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	8,244,574	-	14,188,762	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due	-	-	-	-
Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets	-	-	_	-
Other Assets Investments in Joint Ventures	-	-	1,565,739	-
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		-	92,425	-
TOTAL MONCORRENT ASSETS	17,272,272	-	19,612,433	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	290,667	146,287	74,329	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	21,751,125	521,445	19,822,540	

	Youth Build Program 17.274	ROSS 14.870	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	Section 8 Moderate Housing Assistance 14.856
SETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				14.050
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash:				
Cash - Unrestricted	-	-	9,568	131,570
Cash - Restricted- Modernization and Development	-	-	-	-
Cash - Other Restricted	-	-	94,195	107,553
Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	-	-	-	_
Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	-	-	_	-
Total Cash	-	-	103,763	239,123
Accounts and notes receivables:				
Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	_	_	_
Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	_	42,338	_	
Accounts Receivable- Other Government	_	-	_	
Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	_	_	_	
Accounts Receivable - Tenants				8,932
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants				(4,076
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other				(4,070
Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	-	-	-	
Fraud Recovery	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Receivable Total Receivables, Net		- 42.220	-	1.05
Total Receivables, 19et	-	42,338	-	4,856
Other Current Assets:				
Investments - Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
Investments - Restricted	-	-	-	-
Investments- Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-	-	-	-
Inter Program Due From	-	-	-	-
Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		42,338	103,763	243,979
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	-	-	-	-
Buildings	-	-	-	-
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	-	-	-	-
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	-	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	_	
Construction in Progress	-	_	_	_
Infrastructure	-	_	_	_
Total Capital Assets, Net	-	-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	-	-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due		-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due	-			
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current	-	-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets Investments in Joint Ventures		- - -		- - -
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets	-		- - -	- - -
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets Investments in Joint Ventures		-	- - - -	6,739

	New Construction Section 8 Programs 14.182	2 State/Local	Summer Food Services Program for Children 10.559	Blended Component Unit 6.2
SSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash:				
Cash - Unrestricted	89,166	-	2,495	-
Cash - Restricted- Modernization and Development	-	-	-	-
Cash - Other Restricted	1,950,058	-	-	-
Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	22,905	-	-	-
Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities		-	-	-
Total Cash	2,062,129	-	2,495	-
Accounts and notes receivables:				
Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable- Other Government	-	-	941	-
Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	-	_	_	_
Accounts Receivable - Tenants	643	_	-	_
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	(348)	_	_	
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	(5.6)			
Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current				
Fraud Recovery	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Receivable Total Receivables, Net		-		-
Total Receivables, Net	295	-	941	-
Other Current Assets:				
Investments - Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
Investments - Restricted	-	-	-	-
Investments- Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-	-	-	-
Inter Program Due From	-	-	-	-
Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,062,424	-	3,436	-
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	408,618		-	-
Buildings	3,304,683	-	-	-
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	142,239	-	-	-
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	157,978	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,276,778)	-	_	-
Construction in Progress	-		-	-
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Assets, Net	736,740	-	-	-
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	190,541			
Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due	170,341	-	-	-
Grants Receivable - Non Current	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Investments in Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	-	-	-	-
TOTAL NONCORRENT ASSETS	927,281	-	÷	-
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	60,487	-	-	-
OTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	A 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
THE ROOF IS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	3,050,192	-	3,436	

	COCC	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash:				
Cash - Unrestricted	929,478	3,160,375	-	3,160,37
Cash - Restricted- Modernization and Development	-	94,478	-	94,47
Cash - Other Restricted	-	4,171,360	-	4,171,36
Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	-	131,281	-	131,28
Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities		-	-	-
Total Cash	929,478	7,557,494	-	7,557,49
Accounts and notes receivables:			-	
Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	-	14,123	-	14,12
Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	-	377,341	-	377,34
Accounts Receivable- Other Government	-	941	-	94
Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	42,371	103,054	-	103,054
Accounts Receivable - Tenants	-	22,403	-	22,40
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	-	(5,343)	-	(5,34
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-	(22,462)	-	(22,46)
Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	-	-	-	-
Fraud Recovery	-	93,361	-	93,36
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-	(93,361)	-	(93,36
Accrued Interest Receivable		-	-	-
Total Receivables, Net	42,371	490,057	-	490,057
Other Current Assets:				
Investments - Unrestricted	-	_	_	
Investments - Restricted	-	-	_	_
Investments- Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	-	_	_	_
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	112,986	132,546	_	132,54
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-	-	-	
Inter Program Due From	41,664	41,664	(41,664)	
Assets Held for Sale	-	59,800	-	59,80
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,126,499	8,281,561	(41,664)	8,239,89
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	-	5,063,983	-	5,063,983
Buildings	3,226	33,613,631	-	33,613,63
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	-	297,648	-	297,64
Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	561,005	1,379,664	_	1,379,66
	(538,730)	(27,485,836)	-	(27,485,83
Accumulated Depreciation				
Accumulated Depreciation Construction in Progress	(336,730)			080,33
Construction in Progress		686,356	-	686,35
	25,501		-	-
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net	-	686,356	(100 541)	13,555,44
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	-	686,356 - 13,555,446 22,623,877	(190,541)	13,555,44
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due	-	686,356	(190,541)	13,555,44
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current	-	22,623,877	- - - (190,541) - -	22,433,33 -
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets	-	686,356 - 13,555,446 22,623,877 - 1,565,739	(190,541)	22,433,33 - - 1,565,73
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets Investments in Joint Ventures	25,501	686,356 - 13,555,446 22,623,877 - - 1,565,739 92,425	- - -	22,433,333 - - 1,565,73 92,42
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets	-	686,356 - 13,555,446 22,623,877 - 1,565,739	(190,541)	13,555,444 22,433,336 - 1,565,739 92,42:
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Net Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current - Past Due Grants Receivable- Non Current Other Assets Investments in Joint Ventures	25,501	686,356 - 13,555,446 22,623,877 - - 1,565,739 92,425	- - -	686,356 - 13,555,444 22,433,336 - 1,565,73' 92,42: 37,646,944 890,27:

September	ου,	2019

	Low-Rent Public Housing 14.850	Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	Business Activities	Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators 14.191
ABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, ND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES:				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Bank Overdraft	_	_	-	_
Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	122,857	900	9,249	
Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	-	-	,,2.,	
Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	21,874	13,283	7,406	
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	7,213	7,374	7,400	
Accrued Contingency Liability		-	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	-	-	-	-
Account Payable - PHA Projects	-	-	-	-
Acccounts Payable - Other Government	-	-	-	-
Tenant Security Deposits	92,575	-	15,801	-
Unearned Revenue	7,443	4,713	299	-
Current Portion of Long Term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	-	-	5,134	
Current Portion of Long Term Debt-Operating Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	53,052	-	2,005	-
Accrued Liabilities - Other	· ·	-	-	
Inter Program - Due To	_	-	-	
Loan Liability - Current	_			_
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	305,014	26,270	39,894	-
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	-	-	561,203	
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	-	-	-	
Non-current Liabilities - Other	-	77,878	-	
Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	40,870	41,786	-	
Loan Liability - Non Current	-	-	_	
FASB 5 Liabilities	_	_	_	
Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	1,133,421	572,017	286,798	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,174,291	691,681	848,001	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,479,305	717,951	887,895	-
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	219,994	111,141	55,450	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,027,698	-	3,199,170	_
Restricted Net Position	9,613,010	179,486	14,188,762	-
Unrestricted Net Position	1,411,118	(487,133)	1,491,263	
TOTAL NET POSITION	20,051,826	(307,647)	18,879,195	-
OTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES,				

	Youth Build Program 17.274	ROSS 14.870	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	Section 8 Moderate Housing Assistance 14.856
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES:				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Bank Overdraft	_	_	_	_
Accounts Payable <= 90 Days		415	_	358
Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	_	-		-
Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable				408
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion		259		408
Accrued Contingency Liability	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	_	-	-	107,553
Account Payable - PHA Projects	_	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - Other Government	_	_	-	-
Tenant Security Deposits	_	_	_	_
Unearned Revenue	_	_	_	_
Current Portion of Long Term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	_			_
Current Portion of Long Term Debt-Operating Borrowings	_			_
Other Current Liabilities				
Accrued Liabilities - Other				
Inter Program - Due To	•	41,664	-	-
	-	41,004	-	-
Loan Liability - Current TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		42,338	-	108,319
	·			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	-	-	-	-
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	_	-	_	_
Non-current Liabilities - Other	_	-	-	-
Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	_	_	_	_
Loan Liability - Non Current			_	
FASB 5 Liabilities			_	
Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities				26,002
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				26,002
		-		20,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES		42,338	-	134,321
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				5,027
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Restricted Net Position	-	-	94,195	-
Unrestricted Net Position			9,568	111,370
TOTAL NET POSITION	-	-	103,763	111,370
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES,				
AND NET POSITION		42,338	103,763	250,718

September	30,	2019	

	New Construction Section 8 Programs 14.182	2 State/Local	Summer Food Services Program for Children 10.559	Blended Component Unit 6.2
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES:				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Bank Overdraft				
Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	16,280	-	-	-
Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	10,280	-	-	-
Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	4,879			
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	768	-	-	-
Accrued Contingency Liability	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	-	-	-	-
Account Payable - PHA Projects	-	_	-	-
Acccounts Payable - Other Government	-	-	-	-
Tenant Security Deposits	22,905	-	_	-
Unearned Revenue	672	-	-	-
Current Portion of Long Term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	_	-	-	-
Current Portion of Long Term Debt-Operating Borrowings	-	-	_	-
Other Current Liabilities	1,075	-	-	-
Accrued Liabilities - Other	-	_	_	_
Inter Program - Due To	_	-	_	-
Loan Liability - Current	-	_	_	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	46,579	-	-	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	_	-	-	-
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	-	_	_	_
Non-current Liabilities - Other	_	-	_	-
Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	4,351	_	_	_
Loan Liability - Non Current	-	_	_	
FASB 5 Liabilities	_	_	_	
Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	234,345	_	_	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	238,696	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	285,275	-	-	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	45,378	-	-	-
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	736,740	-	-	-
Restricted Net Position	1,950,058	-	-	-
Unrestricted Net Position	32,741	-	3,436	<u> </u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	2,719,539	-	3,436	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	3,050,192	_	3,436	_
AND NET POSITION	3,030,192		3,430	

	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES,				
AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES:				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Bank Overdraft	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	78,277	228,336	-	228,336
Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	-	-	-	-
Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	17,050	64,900	-	64,900
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion Accrued Contingency Liability	10,780	26,394	-	26,394
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	-	107,553	-	107,553
Account Payable - PHA Projects	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable - Other Government	-	-	-	-
Tenant Security Deposits	-	131,281	-	131,281
Unearned Revenue	-	13,127	-	13,127
Current Portion of Long Term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	-	5,134	-	5,134
Current Portion of Long Term Debt-Operating Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Other Current Liabilities	-	56,132	-	56,132
Accrued Liabilities - Other	-	-	-	-
Inter Program - Due To	-	41,664	(41,664)	-
Loan Liability - Current TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	106,107	674,521	(41,664)	632,857
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	-	561,203	(190,541)	370,662
Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Non-current Liabilities - Other	-	77,878	-	77,878
Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	61,096	148,103	-	148,103
Loan Liability - Non Current	-	-	-	-
FASB 5 Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	1,236,467	3,489,050	-	3,489,050
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,297,563	4,276,234	(190,541)	4,085,693
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,403,670	4,950,755	(232,205)	4,718,550
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	241,478	678,468	-	678,468
NET POSITION :				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,940	12,988,548	-	12,988,548
Restricted Net Position	-	26,025,511	-	26,025,511
Unrestricted Net Position	(206,322)	2,366,041	-	2,366,041
TOTAL NET POSITION	(181,382)	41,380,100	-	41,380,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	1,463,766	47,009,323	(232,205)	46,777,118
	1,463,766	47,009,323	(232,205)	46,777,11

	Low-Rent Public Housing 14.850	Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	Business Activities	Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators 14.191
REVENUES:				
Net Tenant Rental Revenue	1,183,573	-	85,243	-
Tenant Revenue - Other Total Tenant Revenue	155,251 1,338,824	-	923 86,166	
Total Tenant Revenue	1,338,824	-	80,100	-
HUD PHA Operating Grants	2,653,934	12,118,236		55,092
Capital Grants	545,861	-	_	-
Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Book Keeping Fee	-	-	-	-
Front Line Service Fee Other Fees	-	-	100,965	-
Total Fees Revenue		-	100,965	
Total Fees Revenue	-	-	100,903	-
Other Government Grants		-	22,404	_
Investment Income - Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
Mortgage Interest Income	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	-	-	-	-
Cost of Sale of Assets	-		-	-
Fraud Recovery	13,499	36,175	-	-
Other Revenue Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	46,785 0	27,843	286,189	-
Investment Income - Restricted	0	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,598,903	12,182,254	495,724	55,092
EXPENSES:				
Administrative	171 122	255.012	124.015	24.045
Administrative Salaries Auditing Fees	474,422 18,573	356,812 3,496	134,915 925	34,945
Management Fee	367,293	301,032	925	
Book-keeping Fee	42,250	188,145	_	
Advertising and Marketing	-	375	61	_
Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	(281,968)	347,558	460,225	23,419
Office Expenses	207,494	94,613	7,254	3,198
Legal Expense	5,064	1,677	3,494	66
Travel Expense	2,250	1,251	-	415
Allocated Overhead Other	140,748	39.843	19.786	-
Total Administrative Expense	976,126	1,334,802	626,660	62,043
Asset Management Fee		-	-	
	-			
Tenant Services				
Tenant Services - Salaries	-	-	_	-
Relocation Costs	28,552	-	1,446	-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services Tenant Services - Other	51,948	-	-	150
Total Tenant Services	80,500		1.446	150
Total Totalia Berrices	00,500		1,440	150
Utilities				
Water	127,117	-	4,634	-
Electricity	379,597	-	1,325	-
Gas	124,864	-	-	-
Fuel	-	-	-	-
Labor Sewer	- 150 617	-	-	-
	159,617	-	2,000	-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities Other Utilities Expense	-			
Total Utilities	791,195	-	7,959	
	171,173		1,737	
Ordinary Maintenance & Operations				
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	354,887	-	46,102	-
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	200,338	3,412	10,821	-
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	604,885	9,641	66,033	-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	106,277	-	5,010	-
Total Maintenance	1,266,387	13,053	127,966	-

	Youth Build Program 17.274	ROSS 14.870	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	Section 8 Moderate Housing Assistance 14.856
REVENUES:				
Net Tenant Rental Revenue	-	-	-	-
Tenant Revenue - Other		-	-	
Total Tenant Revenue	-	-	-	-
HUD PHA Operating Grants Capital Grants	97,223 -	129,666	207,071	1,399,497
Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Book Keeping Fee	-	-	-	-
Front Line Service Fee	-	-	-	-
Other Fees Total Fees Revenue		-	-	
Total Fees Revenue	-	-	-	-
Other Government Grants	-	-	-	-
Investment Income - Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
Mortgage Interest Income	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	-	-	-	-
Cost of Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-
Fraud Recovery	-	-	-	5,576
Other Revenue Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Investment Income - Restricted	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	97,223	129,666	207,071	1,405,073
ny managa na				
EXPENSES: Administrative				
Administrative Salaries	61,526	68,042	_	16,437
Auditing Fees	01,520	-		2,000
Management Fee	-	_	-	28,332
Book-keeping Fee	-	-	-	17,708
Advertising and Marketing	-	-	-	76
Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	17,505	41,296	-	43,192
Office Expenses	8,809	-	-	11,611
Legal Expense	-	-	-	
Travel Expense	675	-	-	238
Allocated Overhead Other	-	12,025	-	10,962
Total Administrative Expense	88,515	121,363	-	130,556
		,		
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	
Tenant Services				
Tenant Services - Salaries	-	-	-	-
Relocation Costs Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	-	-	-	-
Tenant Services - Other	1,204	30	-	-
Total Tenant Services	1,204	30	-	
Utilities				
Water	636	-	-	-
Electricity Gas	108 1,368	-	-	-
Fuel	1,308	-	-	-
Labor	-	-	-	-
Sewer	_			-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	-	-	-	_
Other Utilities Expense	-	-	-	-
Total Utilities	2,112	-	-	-
Ordinary Maintenance & Operations				
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	_	_	_	
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	2,420	1,027	-	-
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	-,	-,	-	5,964
Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	<u>-</u>	-		
Total Maintenance	2,420	1,027	-	5,964

_	New Construction Section 8	State/Local	Summer Food Services Program	Blended Component
	Programs 14.182	State/Local	for Children 10.559	Unit
REVENUES:				
Net Tenant Rental Revenue	321,576	-	-	-
Tenant Revenue - Other	1,570	-	-	-
Total Tenant Revenue	323,146	-	-	-
HUD PHA Operating Grants	-		-	-
Capital Grants	-	-	-	-
Management Fee	-	_	-	-
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Book Keeping Fee	-	-	-	-
Front Line Service Fee	-	-	-	-
Other Fees		-	-	-
Total Fees Revenue	-	-	-	-
Other Government Grants	487,705	-	57,782	-
Investment Income - Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
Mortgage Interest Income	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale Cost of Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-
Fraud Recovery	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	240			
Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	240	_	-	_
Investment Income - Restricted	19,027	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	830,118	•	57,782	-
EXPENSES:				
Administrative				
Administrative Salaries	86,799	-	3,200	-
Auditing Fees	3,507	-	-	-
Management Fee	73,777	-	-	-
Book-keeping Fee	8,550	-	-	-
Advertising and Marketing	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	283,077	-	1,495	-
Office Expenses Legal Expense	41,419	-	-	-
Travel Expense	310 2,099	-	-	-
Allocated Overhead	2,077		-	_
Other	_	-	_	-
Total Administrative Expense	499,538	-	4,695	-
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Tenant Services Tenant Services - Salaries				
Relocation Costs	1,000	-		-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	-		_	_
Tenant Services - Other	7,465	_	49,651	-
Total Tenant Services	8,465	-	49,651	-
Utilities				
Water	14,590	_	_	-
Electricity	55,116	-	-	-
Gas	29,945	-	-	-
Fuel	-	-	-	-
Labor	-	-	-	-
Sewer	17,240	-	-	-
Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	-	-	-	-
Other Utilities Expense Total Utilities	116,891	-	-	-
	110,071			
Ordinary Maintenance & Operations				
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	61,318	-	-	-
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	27,717		-	-
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	85,812 10,470	-	-	-
Total Maintenance	185,317		-	-
2 San Mannenance	110,011	-	-	

September	. 30,	2019

	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
REVENUES:				
Net Tenant Rental Revenue	-	1,590,392	-	1,590,392
Tenant Revenue - Other		157,744	-	157,744
Total Tenant Revenue	-	1,748,136	-	1,748,136
HUD PHA Operating Grants	-	16,660,719	-	16,660,719
Capital Grants	-	545,861	-	545,861
Management Fee	707,704	707,704	(707,704)	-
Asset Management Fee	-	-	-	-
Book Keeping Fee Front Line Service Fee	256,653	256,653	(256,653)	-
Other Fees		100,965		100,965
Total Fees Revenue	964,357	1,065,322	(964,357)	100,965
Other Government Grants	_	567,891	_	567,891
Investment Income - Unrestricted	_	507,071	-	507,071
Mortgage Interest Income	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-
Cost of Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-
Fraud Recovery	-	55,250	-	55,250
Other Revenue	140,446	501,503	-	501,503
Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Investment Income - Restricted		19,027		19,027
TOTAL REVENUES	1,104,803	21,163,709	(964,357)	20,199,352
EXPENSES:				
Administrative				
Administrative Salaries	501,579	1,738,677	-	1,738,677
Auditing Fees	10,499	39,000	-	39,000
Management Fee	-	770,434	(707,704)	62,730
Book-keeping Fee	-	256,653	(256,653)	- 510
Advertising and Marketing	(1.602.100)	512	-	512
Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative Office Expenses	(1,602,190) 190,671	(666,391) 565,069	-	(666,391 565,069
Legal Expense	7,440	18.051		18,051
Travel Expense	33,906	40,834	_	40,834
Allocated Overhead	-	-	-	-
Other	45,957	269,321	-	269,321
Total Administrative Expense	(812,138)	3,032,160	(964,357)	2,067,803
Asset Management Fee		-	-	-
Tenant Services				
Tenant Services - Salaries		-	-	-
Relocation Costs	-	30,998	-	30,998
Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	-	-	-	-
Tenant Services - Other	72	110,520	-	110,520
Total Tenant Services	72	141,518	-	141,518
Utilities				
Water	3,489	150,466	-	150,466
Electricity	14,488	450,634	-	450,634
Gas	3,241	159,418	-	159,418
Fuel	-	-	-	-
Labor	-	-	-	-
Sewer	4,387	183,244	-	183,244
Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities Other Utilities Expense	-	-	-	-
Total Utilities	25,605	943,762	-	943,762
Ordinary Maintanana & Operations				
Ordinary Maintenance & Operations Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	20,691	482,998		482,998
Oramary iviaintenance and Operations - Labor		482,998 272,389	-	482,998 272,389
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other				
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	26,654 166,362		_	
Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	26,654 166,362 1,838	938,697 123,595	-	938,697 123,595

September	30, 2017	

	Low-Rent Public Housing 14.850	Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871	Business Activities	Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators 14.191
EXPENSES (continued):				
Protective Services				
Protective Services- Labor Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other Contract Costs Protective Services - Other	11.750	-	-	-
Employee Benefit Contributions- Protective Services	11,/50	-	-	-
Total Protective Services	11,750	-	-	-
Insurance Premiums				
Property Insurance	-	-	-	-
Liability Insurance	37,788	22,200	28,966	2,736
Workmen's Compensation	14,652	8,611	7,158	1,467
All Other Insurance	-	-	-	-
Total insurance Premiums	52,440	30,811	36,124	4,203
General Expenses				
Other General Expenses	15,655	6,055	14,564	-
Compensated Absences	-	-	-	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	18,241	-	16,997	-
Bad debt - Tenant Rents	50,086	-	455	-
Bad debt - Other	-	-	-	-
Severance Expense	-	-	-	-
Total Other General Expenses	83,982	6,055	32,016	-
Financial Expenses				
Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	-	-	13,966	-
Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	-	-	-	-
Amortization of Bond Issue Costs		-		
Total Financial Expenses		-	13,966	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,262,380	1,384,721	846,137	66,396
EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE	1,336,523	10,797,533	(350,413)	(11,304
Other Expenses				
Extraordinary Maintenance	48,934	-	-	-
Casualty Losses- Non-capitalized	(33,815)	-	21,227	-
Housing Assistance Payments	-	11,167,902	94,124	-
HAP Portability-In	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	788,088	-	199,870	-
Fraud Losses	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays- Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-
Debt Principal Payment- Governmental Funds		-	-	-
Dwelling Units Rent Expense Total Other Expenses	357,942 1,161,149	11,167,902	315,221	
OTAL EXPENSES	4,423,529	12,552,623	1,161,358	66,396
				,
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	175,374	(370,369)	(665,634)	(11,304
rior period adjustment, equity transfers, and correction of errors operating transfer in/out	-	-	1,001,760	11,304
Operating transfers from/to Primary Government				11,50-
perating transfers from/to Component Unit				-
extraordinary items, net gain/loss	-		-	-
pecial items (net gain/loss)	-		-	-
ransfers between program and project - in	-		-	-
ransfers between program and project - in ransfers between program and project - out	-	-	-	-
ransiers between program and project - out Beginning Net Position	19,876,452	62,722	18,543,069	-
Ending Net Position	20,051,826	(307,647)	18,879,195	-

	Youth Build Program 17.274	ROSS 14.870	14.879 Mainstream Vouchers	Section 8 Moderate Housing Assistance 14.856
EXPENSES (continued):				111000
Protective Services				
Protective Services- Labor	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefit Contributions- Protective Services	-	-	-	-
Total Protective Services	-	-	-	-
Insurance Premiums				
Property Insurance	-	-	-	-
Liability Insurance	2,002	4,848	-	1,272
Workmen's Compensation	970	2,398	-	49
All Other Insurance		-	-	-
Total insurance Premiums	2,972	7,246	-	1,76
General Expenses				
Other General Expenses	-	-	-	-
Compensated Absences	-	-	-	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-
Bad debt - Tenant Rents	-	-	-	-
Bad debt - Other	-	-	-	-
Severance Expense		_		_
Total Other General Expenses	-	-	-	-
Financial Expenses				
Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	-	-	-	-
Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	-	-	-	-
Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Expenses	=	-	-	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	97,223	129,666	-	138,28
EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE	-	-	207,071	1,266,78
Other Expenses				
Extraordinary Maintenance		-	-	-
Casualty Losses- Non-capitalized		-	-	-
Housing Assistance Payments		_	103,308	1.227.09
HAP Portability-In		_	-	-
Depreciation Expense		_	-	_
Fraud Losses		_	-	_
Capital Outlays- Governmental Funds				
Debt Principal Payment- Governmental Funds		_	-	_
Dwelling Units Rent Expense		-	-	_
Total Other Expenses	-	-	103,308	1,227,09
TOTAL EXPENSES	97,223	129,666	103,308	1,365,378
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES			103,763	39,69
				/
Prior period adjustment, equity transfers, and correction of errors	-	-	-	-
Operating transfer in/out	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Primary Government	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Component Unit	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary items, net gain/loss	-	-	-	-
Special items (net gain/loss)	-	-	-	-
Γransfers between program and project - in	-	-	-	-
Fransfers between program and project - out	-	-	-	-
Beginning Net Position		-	-	71,67

September 30, 2019

	New Construction Section 8 Programs 14.182	State/Local	Summer Food Services Program for Children 10.559	Blended Component Unit
EXPENSES (continued):				_
Protective Services				
Protective Services- Labor	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	4 470	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other Employee Benefit Contributions- Protective Services	4,478	-	-	-
Total Protective Services	4,478		-	-
Insurance Premiums				
Property Insurance		_	_	
Liability Insurance	9.000			
Workmen's Compensation	3,486			
All Other Insurance	-	_	_	_
Total insurance Premiums	12,486	-	-	-
General Expenses				
Other General Expenses		-		-
Compensated Absences		-		_
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,310	-	-	-
Bad debt - Tenant Rents	299	-	-	-
Bad debt - Other		-	-	-
Severance Expense		-	-	-
Total Other General Expenses	2,609	-	-	-
Financial Expenses				
Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable				
Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)				-
Amortization of Bond Issue Costs		_	_	_
Total Financial Expenses	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	829,784	-	54,346	-
EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE	334	-	3,436	-
Other Expenses				
Extraordinary Maintenance		-		_
Casualty Losses- Non-capitalized	(3,300)	-	-	-
Housing Assistance Payments	-	-	-	-
HAP Portability-In	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	21,686	-	-	-
Fraud Losses	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays- Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-
Debt Principal Payment- Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-
Dwelling Units Rent Expense Total Other Expenses	18,386	-	-	
TOTAL EXPENSES	848,170	-	54,346	
		-	,	
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	(18,052)	-	3,436	<u> </u>
Prior period adjustment, equity transfers, and correction of errors	-	-	-	(676,108)
Operating transfer in/out	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Primary Government	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Component Unit	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary items, net gain/loss	-	-	-	-
Special items (net gain/loss)	-	-	-	-
Transfers between program and project - in Transfers between program and project - out	-	-	-	-
Beginning Net Position	2,737,591			676,108
Ending Net Position	2,719,539		3,436	
Enuing Net 1 Ostiloli	4,/17,539		3,430	

	cocc	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
EXPENSES (continued):				
Protective Services				
Protective Services- Labor	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	-	-	-	-
Protective Services - Other	-	16,228	-	16,22
Employee Benefit Contributions- Protective Services	-	-	-	-
Total Protective Services	-	16,228	-	16,22
Insurance Premiums				
Property Insurance	-	-	-	-
Liability Insurance	46,209	155,021	-	155,02
Workmen's Compensation	10,867	50,105	-	50,10
All Other Insurance	-	-	-	-
Total insurance Premiums	57,076	205,126	-	205,12
General Expenses				
Other General Expenses	44,822	81,096	-	81,0
Compensated Absences	-	-	-	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	24,238	61,786	-	61,7
Bad debt - Tenant Rents		50,840	-	50,8
Bad debt - Other	_	-	_	-
Severance Expense	_	-	-	-
Total Other General Expenses	69,060	193,722	-	193,7
Financial Expenses				
Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable		13,966	_	13,9
Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)		15,700	-	13,7
Amortization of Bond Issue Costs				
Total Financial Expenses	-	13,966	-	13,9
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	(444,780)	6,364,161	(964,357)	5,399,80
EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE	1,549,583	14,799,548	_	14,799,5
EACESS OF ERATING REVENUE	1,549,565	14,799,548		14,799,3
Other Expenses				
Extraordinary Maintenance	-	48,934	-	48,9
Casualty Losses- Non-capitalized	(21,857)	(37,745)	-	(37,7
Housing Assistance Payments	-	12,592,424	-	12,592,4
HAP Portability-In	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	9,129	1,018,773	-	1,018,7
Fraud Losses	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays- Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-
Debt Principal Payment- Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-
Dwelling Units Rent Expense		357,942	-	357,9
Total Other Expenses	(12,728)	13,980,328	-	13,980,3
COTAL EXPENSES	(457,508)	20,344,489	(964,357)	19,380,1
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	1,562,311	819,220	-	819,2
trior period adjustment, equity transfers, and correction of errors	(325,652)			
perating transfer in/out	(11,304)	-	-	-
	(11,504)	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Primary Government	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers from/to Component Unit	-	-	-	-
extraordinary items, net gain/loss	-	-	-	-
pecial items (net gain/loss)	-	-	-	-
ransfers between program and project - in	-	-	-	-
ransfers between program and project - out		-	-	10 ======
Beginning Net Position	(1,406,737)	40,560,880	-	40,560,8
Ending Net Position	(181,382)	41,380,100	-	41,380,1



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg Spartanburg, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg (the Authority) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg's Response to Findings

The Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Authority in a separate letter dated August 7, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Outrino # Company

Bethesda, Maryland August 7, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners of the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg Spartanburg, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg's (the Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julius # Company

Bethesda, Maryland August 7, 2020

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Identifying Number	Total Federal Expeditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development Programs			
Low Income Public Housing	14.850	N/A	\$ 2,414,652
Capital Fund Program	14.872	N/A	785,143
Section 8 Project-Based Cluster:			
Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation	14.182	N/A	487,705
Lower Income Housing Assistance Program - Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation	14.856	N/A	1,399,497
			1,887,202
Housing Voucher Cluster:	14.871	NT/A	10 110 026
Housing Choice Voucher Program Mainstream Voucher Program	14.871 14.879	N/A N/A	12,118,236 207,071
Manistream Voucher Flogram	14.079	IV/A	207,071
Resident Opportunities and Supportive Services	14.870	N/A	129,666
Multifamily Housing Elderly Service Coordinators	14.191	N/A	55,092
TOTAL HUD EXPENDITURES			17,597,062
Department of Education			
Pass through from the City of Spartanburg:			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A	57,782
TOTAL DOE EXPENDITURES			57,782
Department of Labor Program			
Youthbuild	17.274	N/A	97,223
TOTAL DOL EXPENDITURES			97,223
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 17,752,067

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented using the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICY

The Authority recognizes grant revenue when earned on an accrual basis; that is, activities prerequisite to obtaining benefit have been completed, such as, complying with the terms and conditions of the grant agreement.

3. SUBRECIPIENTS

The Housing Authority of the City of Spartanburg provided no federal awards to subrecipients during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

4. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Any findings and questioned costs identified in connection with the 2019 Single Audit would be disclosed in Schedule I and status of prior year findings and questioned costs would be disclosed in Schedule II.

HUD has conducted several reviews of the Authority and has issued their reports on the results of some of these reviews. The Authority has responded to the reviews for which reports have been issued.

5. COST RATES

The Authority has not elected to use the 10% deminimis cost rate.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes None reported
		-
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		No No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ams:	Unmodified
6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No
7. Identification of Major Programs: <u>Federal Grantor/Program Title</u> U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD):	CFDA No.	
Capital Fund Program Housing Choice Voucher Program Mainstream 5 Voucher Program	14.872 14.871 14.879	785,143 12,118,236 207,071
8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Ty	pe B programs:	750,000
9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2019-001 Inadequate Controls Over Financial Reporting

Material Weakness in Internal Control

Condition: The Authority did not have adequate controls over the financial reporting process to detect material misstatements. As a result, several material adjustments were posted including adjustments related to deferred revenue, casualty losses and capital assets that were not reported on either the initial filing with HUD's Real Estate Assessment System nor on the resubmission that was required since the original submission was rejected.

The Authority did not have adequate internal controls related to preparing the unaudited financial data system (FDS) filing as it relates to the information in the Authority's trial balance and general ledger. As a result, several adjustments had to be made to the audited FDS filing to make it agree to the general ledger. In addition, other audit adjustments had to be made to the audited FDS filing for it to be accurate.

Criteria: The Authority should have the necessary controls over the financial reporting process to prevent or detect material misstatements.

Cause: The Authority did not have the necessary controls over the financial reporting process to prevent of detect material misstatements.

Effect: As a result of the audit and Authority adjustments, cash balances decreased \$919,554; total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased \$1,506,559; total liabilities decreased \$1,837,290; net position decreased \$153,132; total revenue decreased \$298,013; total expenses increased \$351,091; and the excess in total revenues over total expenses decreased \$53,078.

Recommendation: The Authority should establish controls to ensure that appropriate year-end adjustments are recorded so that the financial statements are fairly presented.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (Continued)

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions of the Auditee: We concur with the recommendation and are in the process of procuring resources to establish controls so that the September 30, 2020 financial statements are fairly presented.

Contact Person: Joe Calicdan, Controller, 864-598-6041.

Target Completion Date: September 30, 2020.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None Reported.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SPARTANBURG SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION I – PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2018-001 Inadequate Controls Over Financial Reporting

Material Weakness in Internal Control

Condition: The Authority did not have adequate controls over the financial reporting process to detect material misstatements. As a result, several material adjustments were posted including adjustments related to deferred revenue, casualty losses and capital assets that were not reported on either the initial filing with HUD's Real Estate Assessment System nor on the resubmission that was required since the original submission was rejected.

Status: A review of activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 revealed similar issues in the unaudited FDS submissions for the current period. *This finding is repeated as Finding 2019-001* in the current report.

SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no findings reported for the year ended September 30, 2018.

B.6 Resident Advisory Board (RAB) Comments.

Resident Advisory Board Meeting

Wednesday April 15, 2020

2021 Annual and Five-Year Plan

Attendees:

- 1. Tchenavia Singleton—Victoria Gardens Apartments
- 2. Shaqual McMillan—Victoria Gardens Apartments
- 3. Sheena Solesbee—Prince Hall Apartments
- 4. Kiwana Middleton—Prince Hall Apartments
- 5. Dania Earle—Camp Croft Courts
- 6. Parthenia Whiteside—Camp Croft Courts
- 7. Veronica Cunningham—Archibald Rutledge
- 8. Linda Merril—Archibald Rutledge
- 9. Kimberly Edwards—Archibald Rutledge
- 10. Lakita Brown---Housing Choice Voucher
- 11. Cierra Fowler—SHA Staff
- 12. Shaunté Evans—SHA Staff
- 13. Joe Calicdan—SHA Staff
- 14. Tiffany Askew—SHA Staff
- 15. Jessica M. Holcomb—SHA Staff
- 16. Joseph Jackson—SHA Staff

QUESTIONS:

1. Veronica Cunningham: This pandemic has been stressful. Is there anything available to hep residents cope?

Jessica Holcomb: Yes, there was a posting to the SHA's social media page regarding stress and mental health during the pandemic. The following numbers were provided as resources: 1-800-985-5990 and Text Talktous to 66746.

2. Kiwana Middleton: Will we get a copy of the slides presented?

Jessica Holcomb: Yes, a copy will be emailed out to the RAB Board.

3. Polly Whiteside: Can we have the contact information for all of the members of Resident Council?

Cierra Fowler: Yes, I will make that listing available.

4. Polly Whiteside: I am looking forward to all of the capital fund projects.

5. Lakita Brown: How can the Housing Choice Vouchers family who live in rural areas

receive information that SHA sends out?

Cierra Fowler: Numerous materials are posted on the SHA social media accounts and emails go

out to all participants and residents who are registered on the Rent Café portal.

6. Veronica Cunningham: There are a lot of great things in the pipeline. I hope that we as

resident council will step up to the plate.

8. Polly Whiteside: I hope that everyone is staying safe. This is my first time on Zoom and

I like it.

Adjourned at 1:20PM

B.7 Certification by State or Local Officials. Form HUD 50077-SL, Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan (All PHAs)

U. S Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing
OMB No. 2577-0226
Expires 2/29/2016

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan

I, _	Chris Story	, the _	City Manager of the City of Spartanburg							
	Official's Name		Official's Title							
cer	tify that the 5-Year PHA Plan and/or	Annual	PHA Plan of the							
ŀ	Housing Authority of the City of Spartanbu	ırg								
PHA Name										
is c	onsistent with the Consolidated Plan or	State Co	onsolidated Plan and the Analysis of							
Imp	pediments (AI) to Fair Housing Choice	of the								
City of Spartanburg										
pur	suant to 24 CFR Part 91.	Local	l Jurisdiction Name							
Provide a description of how the PHA Plan is consistent with the Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan and the AI.										
	by certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information that call the information of the false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal a		ed in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. Warning: HUD will nalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)							
Name	e of Authorized Official Chris Stovy		Title City Manager Date Date 2000							
Signa	Chris Stovy		Date Ry 9, 2000							
	·									

C. Statement of Capital Improvements. Required for all PHAs completing this form that administer public housing Asset Management and receive funding from the Capital Fund Program (CFP).

With this Annual and 5-Year Plan submittal SHA is also submitting a new Capital Fund Program - Five- Year Action Plan form HUD-50075.2 for approval by HUD. Please find attached a copy of this Plan.

Capital Fund Program - Five-Year Action Plan

Status: Approved Approved By: EPIC SYSTEM 02/28/2022

Part I: Summary									
PHA Name: HOUSING AUTHORITY OF SPARTANBURG PHA Number: SC003		Locality (City/County & State) N Original 5-Year Plan		Revised 5-Year Plan (Revision No:)			
Α.	Development Number and Name	Work Statement for Year 1 2019	Work Statement for Year 2 2020	Work Statement for Year 3 2021	Work Statement for Year 4 2022	Work Statement for Year 5 2023			
	AUTHORITY-WIDE	\$464,519.00	\$464,519.00	\$464,519.00	\$464,519.00	\$464,519.00			
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)	\$650,972.00	\$650,972.00	\$650,972.00	\$650,972.00	\$650,972.00			
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)	\$80,000.00	\$80,000.00	\$80,000.00	\$80,000.00	\$80,000.00			
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00			
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00			

Work Statement for Year 1

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)			\$650,972.00
ID0025	RAD(RAD Investment Activity (1504))	RAD Investment Activities		\$600,972.00
ID0063	Archibald Rutledge(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Plumbing, Electrical, and Mechanical Repairs, Roofing		\$50,000.00
	AUTHORITY-WIDE (NAWASD)			\$464,519.00
ID0016	RAD(RAD (1503))	RAD HAP		\$5,423.00
ID0071	Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	Architect Fees Engineering Fee Market Study Environmental Fees		\$100,000.00
ID0072	Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	Administration/Salary/Fringes		\$194,324.00

Work Statement for Year 1

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
ID0073	RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	RAD Consultant Fee for RAD Transition		\$100,000.00
ID0074	Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	Legal Fee for RAD Transition		\$50,000.00
ID0078	Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	Siding Repair, Repair of exterior steps		\$14,772.00
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)			\$80,000.00
ID0075	Prince Hall(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Interior Doors,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Security Cameras, Roofing, Plumbing, Drywall, Electrical		\$80,000.00
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)			\$50,000.00
ID0076	Camp Croft(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Electrical, Plumbing, Roofing, HVAC, Drywall		\$50,000.00

Part II: Sup	Part II: Supporting Pages - Physical Needs Work Statements (s)					
Work State	Work Statement for Year 1 2019					
Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost		
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)			\$50,000.00		
ID0077	Archibald Village(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances)	Electrical, Plumbing, Drywall, Roofing, Appliances		\$50,000.00		
	Subtotal of Estimated Cost			\$1,295,491.00		

Work Statement for Year 2

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	AUTHORITY-WIDE (NAWASD)			\$464,519.00
ID0079	RAD(RAD (1503))	RAD HAP		\$5,423.00
ID0082	Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation,Contract Administration (1480)-Audit)	Architect Fees Engineering Fee Market Study Environmental Fees		\$100,000.00
ID0083	Administration(Administration (1410)-Salaries,Administration (1410)-Other)	Administration/Salary/Fringes		\$194,324.00
ID0084	RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation,Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	RAD Consultant Fee for RAD Transition		\$100,000.00
ID0085	Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	Legal Fee for RAD Transition		\$50,000.00
ID0089	Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	Siding Repair, Repair of exterior steps		\$14,772.00

Work Statement for Year 2

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)			\$650,972.00
ID0080	RAD(RAD Investment Activity (1504))	RAD Investment Activities		\$600,972.00
ID0081	Archibald Rutledge(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Plumbing, Electrical, and Mechanical Repairs, Roofing		\$50,000.00
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)			\$80,000.00
ID0086	Prince Hall(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Interior Doors,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Security Cameras, Roofing, Plumbing, Drywall, Electrical		\$80,000.00
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)			\$50,000.00
ID0087	Camp Croft(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)- Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances)	Electrical, Plumbing, Roofing, HVAC, Drywall		\$50,000.00

Part II: Supporting Pages - Physical Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year	2	2020		

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)			\$50,000.00
ID0088	Archibald Village(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Electrical, Plumbing, Drywall, Roofing, Appliances		\$50,000.00
	Subtotal of Estimated Cost			\$1,295,491.00

Work Statement for Year 3

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	AUTHORITY-WIDE (NAWASD)			\$464,519.00
ID0090	RAD(RAD (1503))	RAD HAP		\$5,423.00
ID0093	Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	Architect Fees Engineering Fee Market Study Environmental Fees		\$100,000.00
ID0094	Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	Administration/Salary/Fringes		\$194,324.00
ID0095	RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	RAD Consultant Fee for RAD Transition		\$100,000.00
ID0096	Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	Legal Fee for RAD Transition		\$50,000.00
ID0100	Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	Siding Repair, Repair of exterior steps		\$14,772.00

Work Statement for Year 3

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)			\$650,972.00
ID0091	RAD(RAD Investment Activity (1504))	RAD Investment Activities		\$600,972.00
ID0092	Archibald Rutledge(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Plumbing, Electrical, and Mechanical Repairs, Roofing		\$50,000.00
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)			\$80,000.00
ID0097	Prince Hall(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Interior Doors, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Security Cameras, Roofing, Plumbing, Drywall, Electrical		\$80,000.00
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)			\$50,000.00
ID0098	Camp Croft(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Electrical, Plumbing, Roofing, HVAC, Drywall		\$50,000.00

Part II: Supporting Pages - Physical Needs Work Statements (s)					
Work Statement for Year	3	2021			

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)			\$50,000.00
ID0099	Archibald Village(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Electrical, Plumbing, Drywall, Roofing, Appliances		\$50,000.00
	Subtotal of Estimated Cost			\$1,295,491.00

Work Statement for Year 4

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	AUTHORITY-WIDE (NAWASD)			\$464,519.00
ID0101	RAD(RAD (1503))	RAD HAP		\$5,423.00
ID0104	Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	Architect Fees Engineering Fee Market Study Environmental Fees		\$100,000.00
ID0105	Administration(Administration (1410)-Other,Administration (1410)-Salaries)	Administration/Salary/Fringes		\$194,324.00
ID0106	RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	RAD Consultant Fee for RAD Transition		\$100,000.00
ID0107	Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	Legal Fee for RAD Transition		\$50,000.00
ID0111	Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	Siding Repair, Repair of exterior steps		\$14,772.00

Work Statement for Year 4

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)			\$650,972.00
ID0102	RAD(RAD Investment Activity (1504))	RAD Investment Activities		\$600,972.00
ID0103	Archibald Rutledge(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Plumbing, Electrical, and Mechanical Repairs, Roofing		\$50,000.00
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)			\$80,000.00
ID0108	Prince Hall(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Security Cameras, Roofing, Plumbing, Drywall, Electrical		\$80,000.00
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)			\$50,000.00
ID0109	Camp Croft(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Electrical, Plumbing, Roofing, HVAC, Drywall		\$50,000.00

Part II: Supporting Pages - Physical Needs Work Statements (s)	

Work Statement for Year 4

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)			\$50,000.00
ID0110	Archibald Village(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Electrical, Plumbing, Drywall, Roofing, Appliances		\$50,000.00
	Subtotal of Estimated Cost			\$1,295,491.00

Work Statement for Year 5

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	AUTHORITY-WIDE (NAWASD)			\$464,519.00
ID0112	RAD(RAD (1503))	RAD HAP		\$5,423.00
ID0115	Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	Architect Fees Engineering Fee Market Study Environmental Fees		\$100,000.00
ID0116	Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	Administration/Salary/Fringes		\$194,324.00
ID0117	RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	RAD Consultant Fee for RAD Transition		\$100,000.00
ID0118	Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	Legal Fee for RAD Transition		\$50,000.00
ID0122	Copy of Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	Siding Repair, Repair of exterior steps		\$14,772.00

Work Statement for Year 5

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	VICTORIA GARDEN APTS (SC003000120)			\$650,972.00
ID0113	RAD(RAD Investment Activity (1504))	RAD Investment Activities		\$600,972.00
ID0114	Archibald Rutledge(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Plumbing, Electrical, and Mechanical Repairs, Roofing		\$50,000.00
	PRINCE HALL APTS (SC003000080)			\$80,000.00
ID0119	Prince Hall(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Interior Doors, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical, Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Pubs and Showers)	Security Cameras, Roofing, Plumbing, Drywall, Electrical		\$80,000.00
	CAMP CROFT COURTS (SC003000100)			\$50,000.00
ID0120	Camp Croft(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Tubs and Showers)	Electrical, Plumbing, Roofing, HVAC, Drywall		\$50,000.00

Part II: Supporting Pages - Physical Needs Work Statements (s)

Work Statement for Year 5

Identifier	Development Number/Name	General Description of Major Work Categories	Quantity	Estimated Cost
	GOOCH/ARCHIBALD VILLAGE (SC003000020)			\$50,000.00
ID0121	Copy of Archibald Village(Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Appliances,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Commodes,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Electrical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Mechanical,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Other,Dwelling Unit-Interior (1480)-Plumbing)	Electrical, Plumbing, Drywall, Roofing, Appliances		\$50,000.00
	Subtotal of Estimated Cost			\$1,295,491.00

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)		
Work Statement for Year 1 2019		
Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	
Housing Authority Wide		
RAD(RAD (1503))	\$5,423.00	
Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	\$194,324.00	
RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	\$50,000.00	
Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	\$14,772.00	

Part III: Supporting Pages	Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year 1 2019					
Genera	Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories				
Subtotal of Estimated Cost		\$464,519.00			

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)		
Work Statement for Year 2 2020		
Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	
Housing Authority Wide		
RAD(RAD (1503))	\$5,423.00	
Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency, Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation, Contract Administration (1480)-Audit)	\$100,000.00	
Administration(Administration (1410)-Salaries,Administration (1410)-Other)	\$194,324.00	
RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation, Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	\$100,000.00	
Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	\$50,000.00	
Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	\$14,772.00	

Part III: Supporting Pages	Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year 2 2020					
Genera	Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories				
Subtotal of Estimated Cost		\$464,519.00			

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)		
Work Statement for Year 3 2021		
Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	
Housing Authority Wide		
RAD(RAD (1503))	\$5,423.00	
Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	\$194,324.00	
RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs)	\$50,000.00	
Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	\$14,772.00	

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year	3 2021			
Genera	Development Number/Name Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost		
Subtotal of Estimated Cost		\$464,519.00		

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)		
Work Statement for Year 4 2022		
Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	
Housing Authority Wide		
RAD(RAD (1503))	\$5,423.00	
Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	\$194,324.00	
RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	\$50,000.00	
Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	\$14,772.00	

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year	4 2022			
	Development Number/Name l Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost		
Subtotal of Estimated Cost		\$464,519.00		

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)		
Work Statement for Year 5 2023		
Development Number/Name General Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	
Housing Authority Wide		
RAD(RAD (1503))	\$5,423.00	
Pre-Development(Contract Administration (1480)-Audit,Contract Administration (1480)-Contingency,Contract Administration (1480)-Other,Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs,Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Administration(Administration (1410)-Other, Administration (1410)-Salaries)	\$194,324.00	
RAD Consultant(Contract Administration (1480)-Other, Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Relocation)	\$100,000.00	
Legal Fees(Contract Administration (1480)-Other Fees and Costs, Contract Administration (1480)-Other)	\$50,000.00	
Copy of Cambridge Place(Dwelling Unit-Exterior (1480)-Decks and Patios)	\$14,772.00	

Part III: Supporting Pages - Management Needs Work Statements (s)				
Work Statement for Year	5 2023			
Genera	Development Number/Name al Description of Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost		
Subtotal of Estimated Cost		\$464,519.00		